## Mimusops elengi

Kingdom: Plantae (Plants)

Order: Ericales Family: Sapotaceae Genus: Mimusops

Species: Mimusops elengi



Mimusops elengi, commonly known as Spanish cherry, bullet wood, or Bakul, is a medium sized evergreen tree native to tropical forests in South Asia, Southeast Asia, and Northern Australia.

## **Common Names**

In India and various regions, Mimusops elengi is known by different names, including:

Bakul: This is a widely recognized name in India.

Magizham: Used in Tamil Nadu.

Maulsari: Commonly referred to in Hindi.

Medlar: Sometimes referred to in English literature.

## **Characteristic Features**

Leaves: Glossy, dark green, and elliptical shaped leaves that are leathery in texture.

Flowers: Small, white, highly fragrant flowers that bloom in clusters. The fragrance is often compared to jasmine.

Fruit: The fruit is berrylike, initially green and turning yellow or orange when ripe. It is edible and sweet.

Bark: The bark is greyish brown and smooth.

Wood: The wood is hard, dense, and durable, suitable for various uses.

Uses

Medicinal: Various parts of the tree, including bark, leaves, flowers, and seeds, are used in traditional medicine for treating dental issues, skin diseases, and gastrointestinal problems.

Culinary: The fruit is edible and sometimes used in local cuisine, often as a flavoring or eaten fresh.

Ornamental: Due to its attractive flowers and glossy leaves, Mimusops elengi is planted as an ornamental tree in gardens and along roadsides.

Religious and Cultural Significance: The flowers are used in religious ceremonies and as offerings in various cultures, particularly in India.

Cultivation



Climate: Prefers tropical and subtropical climates.

Soil: Thrives in welldrained soil but can tolerate various soil types.

Propagation: Typically propagated by seeds, which should be sown fresh for optimal germination rates.

Mimusops elengi holds cultural, medicinal, and ornamental significance in many regions where it grows.

