

ADVERTISING

**“THE MOST POWERFUL
ELEMENT IN ADVERTISING IS
THE TRUTH”**



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MCQ ON ADVERTISING

UNIT 1

1. What is the primary goal of advertising?

- A) Decreasing brand visibility
- B) Enhancing brand recognition
- C) Ignoring target audience
- D) Reducing product sales

Answer: B) Enhancing brand recognition

2. How does advertising contribute to market expansion?

- A) Restricting product reach
- B) Narrowing target audience
- C) Broadening customer base
- D) Minimizing product awareness

Answer: C) Broadening customer base

3. What is the role of advertising in creating brand loyalty?

- A) Fostering customer indifference
- B) Weakening brand connections
- C) Strengthening customer loyalty
- D) Reducing brand awareness

Answer: C) Strengthening customer loyalty

4. In terms of communication, what does advertising aim to achieve?

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- A) Suppressing product information
- B) Ignoring consumer needs
- C) Facilitating effective communication
- D) Minimizing market reach

Answer: C) Facilitating effective communication

5. How does advertising contribute to consumer education?

- A) Limiting product information
- B) Reducing consumer knowledge
- C) Enhancing product understanding
- D) Ignoring market trends

Answer: C) Enhancing product understanding

6. What is a financial benefit of successful advertising?

- A) Increased marketing costs
- B) Decreased return on investment (ROI)
- C) Higher sales revenue
- D) Limited customer acquisition

Answer: C) Higher sales revenue

7. How does advertising impact brand visibility in a competitive market?

- A) Reducing market competition
- B) Increasing brand obscurity
- C) Boosting brand visibility
- D) Suppressing market trends

Answer: C) Boosting brand visibility

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8. What is the significance of advertising in product differentiation?

- A) Homogenizing product features
- B) Ignoring competitor strategies
- C) Highlighting unique product attributes
- D) Reducing consumer choices

Answer: C) Highlighting unique product attributes

9. In terms of market share, how does advertising contribute?

- A) Shrinking market presence
- B) Expanding market share
- C) Limiting consumer choices
- D) Ignoring market trends

Answer: B) Expanding market share

10. How does advertising influence consumer perception?

- A) Decreasing brand relevance
- B) Increasing product scepticism
- C) Shaping positive brand perception
- D) Suppressing consumer opinions

Answer: C) Shaping positive brand perception

11. What is a fundamental element in the process of creating an advertising message?

- A) Narrow target audience

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- B) Clear and compelling copy
- C) Limited visual appeal
- D) Minimal brand relevance

Answer: B) Clear and compelling copy

12. In terms of media planning, what does "media mix" refer to?

- A) Ignoring various channels
- B) Selecting only one medium
- C) Balancing different media channels
- D) Avoiding target demographics

Answer: C) Balancing different media channels

13. What does the term "call-to-action" (CTA) mean in advertising?

- A) Encouraging consumer passivity
- B) Discouraging audience engagement
- C) Prompting a specific response from the audience
- D) Minimizing customer interaction

Answer: C) Prompting a specific response from the audience

14. Which element is crucial for determining the effectiveness of an advertising campaign?

- A) Ignoring key performance indicators (KPIs)
- B) Measuring return on investment (ROI)
- C) Avoiding audience feedback

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D) Minimizing brand recall

Answer: B) Measuring return on investment (ROI)

15. What is the purpose of the "layout" in advertising design?

A) Confusing visual elements

B) Organizing visual and textual elements

C) Minimizing graphic appeal

D) Ignoring design principles

Answer: B) Organizing visual and textual elements

16. In the context of digital advertising, what is the role of "impressions"?

A) Ignoring online presence

B) Measuring the number of times an ad is viewed

C) Reducing online engagement

D) Minimizing audience reach

Answer: B) Measuring the number of times an ad is viewed

17. What does the term "USP" stand for in advertising?

A) Uniform Selling Proposition

B) Universal Sales Protocol

C) Unique Selling Proposition

D) Unrestricted Sales Promotion

Answer: C) Unique Selling Proposition

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18. What is the purpose of the "headline" in an advertisement?

- A) Minimizing reader interest
- B) Ignoring brand messaging
- C) Grabbing attention and conveying the main message
- D) Reducing brand visibility

Answer: C) Grabbing attention and conveying the main message

19. How does the element of "color" contribute to effective advertising design?

- A) Diminishing visual appeal
- B) Limiting emotional impact
- C) Enhancing brand recognition and evoking emotions
- D) Avoiding aesthetic considerations

Answer: C) Enhancing brand recognition and evoking emotions

20. What is the significance of "brand consistency" in advertising?

- A) Reducing brand visibility
- B) Minimizing consumer recognition
- C) Maintaining a unified brand image across all platforms

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D) Ignoring brand guidelines

**Answer: C) Maintaining a unified brand image
across all platforms**

21. Which of the following is a traditional form of media used in advertising?

- A) Virtual Reality
- B) Social Media
- C) Television
- D) Influencer Marketing

Answer: C) Television

22. What does PPC stand for in the context of online advertising?

- A) Publicity Promotion Campaign
- B) Pay-Per-Click
- C) Popular Product Content
- D) Progressive Pricing Calculator

Answer: B) Pay-Per-Click

23. In digital advertising, what does SEO stand for?

- A) Social Engagement Optimization
- B) Search Engine Optimization
- C) Sponsored Email Outreach
- D) Site Enhancement Operations

Answer: B) Search Engine Optimization

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24. Which social media platform is known for its visual content and advertising opportunities?

- A) Twitter
- B) LinkedIn
- C) Instagram
- D) Snapchat

Answer: C) Instagram

25. What is the primary advantage of radio advertising?

- A) Visual Appeal
- B) Targeted Audience
- C) Lengthy Advertisements
- D) Limited Reach

Answer: B) Targeted Audience

26. What is the role of a media planner in advertising?

- A) Designing Ad Creatives
- B) Executing Ad Campaigns
- C) Selecting Media Channels
- D) Managing Social Media

Answer: C) Selecting Media Channels

27. Which of the following is a form of out-of-home advertising?

- A) Podcast Advertising
- B) Banner Ads
- C) Billboards
- D) Email Marketing

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Answer: C) Billboards

28. What is the purpose of A/B testing in online advertising?

- A) Analyzing Bounce Rates
- B) Comparing Two Ad Versions
- C) Allocating Budgets
- D) Audience Targeting

Answer: B) Comparing Two Ad Versions

29. In which phase of the customer journey is retargeting commonly used?

- A) Awareness
- B) Consideration
- C) Decision
- D) Loyalty

Answer: C) Decision

30. What is a benefit of influencer marketing in advertising?

- A) Decreased Reach
- B) Authenticity and Trust
- C) Limited Audience Engagement
- D) Lower Cost per Impression

Answer: B) Authenticity and Trust

31. What is the primary purpose of advertising?

- A) Decreasing sales

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- B)Enhancing brand visibility
- C)Reducing customer loyalty
- D)Influencing consumer behaviour

Answer: D)Influencing consumer behaviour

32. Which best defines advertising?
- a. Internal communication tool
 - b. Market research technique
 - c. Promotion to inform and persuade
 - d. Direct selling method

Answer: c) Promotion to inform and persuade

32. What does advertising aim to achieve primarily?
- a. Limiting product sales
 - b. Informing and persuading potential customers
 - c. Reducing market reach
 - d. Lowering brand recognition

Answer: b) Informing and persuading potential customers

33. Which is a key objective of advertising?
- a. Reducing market competitiveness
 - b. Increasing brand awareness
 - c. Limiting customer choices
 - d. Lowering product quality

Answer: b) Increasing brand awareness

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34. What is NOT an objective of advertising?

- a. Enhancing customer loyalty
- b. Reducing brand recall
- c. Influencing purchase decisions
- d. Decreasing import tariffs

Answer: d) Decreasing import tariffs

35. What does advertising primarily aim to do?

- a. Create market monopoly
- b. Attract and retain customers
- c. Limit product availability
- d. Control consumer behavior

Answer: b) Attract and retain customers

36. What best describes the meaning of advertising?

- a. Employee training method
- b. Promotional communication through media channels
- c. Legal compliance strategy
- d. Market analysis technique

Answer: b) Promotional communication through media channels

37. What constitutes the elements of advertising?

- a. Customer disengagement strategies
- b. Message, medium, audience, and feedback
- c. Product exclusion tactics

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d. Employee motivation techniques

Answer: b) Message, medium, audience, and feedback

38. What represents a benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Reducing sales revenue
- b. Creating brand awareness
- c. Limiting labor disputes
- d. Lowering investment returns

Answer : b) Creating brand awareness

39. What are primary advertising media used?

- a. Internal communications only
- b. Print, television, radio, digital, and outdoor
- c. Supplier negotiations
- d. Employee training sessions

Answer: b) Creating brand awareness

40. Which describes the main objective of advertising?

- a. Reducing customer engagement
- b. Informing and influencing consumers
- c. Increasing production costs
- d. Limiting market reach

Answer: b) Informing and influencing consumers

41. What does advertising aim to achieve primarily?

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- a. Enhance employee satisfaction
- b. Increase brand recognition
- c. Decrease customer loyalty
- d. Reduce marketing expenses

Answer: b) Increase brand recognition

42. What is a fundamental goal of advertising?

- a. Decreasing brand visibility
- b. Capturing consumer attention
- c. Limiting market competition
- d. Reducing product variety

Answer: b) Capturing consumer attention

43. Which is NOT a primary objective of advertising?

- a. Improving brand recall
- b. Influencing consumer behavior
- c. Enhancing customer loyalty
- d. Decreasing market share

Answer: d) Decreasing market share

44. What constitutes a core element of advertising?

- a. Supplier management tactics
- b. Target audience identification
- c. Reducing employee engagement
- d. Decreasing product quality

Answer: b) Target audience identification

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45. Which represents a significant benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Limiting market exposure
- b. Influencing consumer preferences
- c. Reducing brand visibility
- d. Managing supplier relationships

Answer: b) Influencing consumer preferences

46. What is the primary aim of advertising?

- a. Reducing consumer awareness
- b. Building brand recognition
- c. Lowering market demand
- d. Limiting market reach

Answer: b) Building brand recognition

47. What is an essential component of advertising's scope?

- a. Expanding market reach
- b. Reducing customer interaction
- c. Controlling market trends
- d. Managing competitor strategies

Answer: a)Expanding market reach

48. What represents a significant objective of advertising?

- a. Lowering brand visibility
- b. Enhancing brand recognition
- c. Reducing market competition

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- d. Limiting promotional activities

Answer: b) Enhancing brand recognition

49. What is a primary element of advertising?

- a. Controlling market trends
- b. The message conveyed to the audience
- c. Reducing consumer interaction
- d. Managing regulatory compliance

Answer: b) The message conveyed to the audience

50. What represents a significant aspect within the scope of advertising?

- a. Decreasing market exposure
- b. Building customer trust
- c. Reducing brand visibility
- d. Managing internal communication

Answer: b) Building customer trust

51. What is the essence of advertising?

- a. Influencing consumer behavior
- b. Reducing consumer demand
- c. Decreasing market share
- d. Limiting market accessibility

Ans: a) Influencing consumer behavior

52. Which is a key aspect of advertising's scope?

- a. Reducing brand recall

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- b. Engaging with potential buyers
- c. Lowering production output
- d. Managing shareholder investments

Answer: b) Engaging with potential buyers

53. What represents a primary objective of advertising?

- a. Limiting market competition
- b. Enhancing brand recognition
- c. Reducing market demand
- d. Limiting market reach

Answer: b) Enhancing brand recognition

54. What is a core function within the scope of advertising?

- a. Decreasing market exposure
- b. Communicating with potential customers
- c. Lowering product variety
- d. Managing internal communication

Answer: b) Communicating with potential customers

56. What represents a significant benefit within advertising?

- a. Reducing sales revenue
- b. Creating brand awareness
- c. Limiting labor disputes
- d. Lowering investment returns

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Answer: b) Creating brand awareness

56. Which constitutes a key element of advertising?

- a. Employee management strategies
- b. Message conveyed to the audience
- c. Product exclusion techniques
- d. Supplier negotiation tactics

Answer: b) Message conveyed to the audience

57. What is a primary advertising medium used?

- a. Internal communications only
- b. Print media
- c. Supplier negotiations
- d. Employee training sessions

Answer: b) Print media

58. What best describes a benefit of advertising?

- a. Creating market differentiation
- b. Limiting customer choices
- c. Decreasing brand recognition
- d. Reducing competitor sales

Answer: a) Creating market differentiation

59. What is a fundamental element of advertising?

- a. Reducing market trends
- b. Message delivery to the audience
- c. Lowering consumer interaction
- d. Managing regulatory compliance

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Answer: b) Message delivery to the audience

60. What is a significant benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Limiting market exposure
- b. Influencing consumer preferences
- c. Reducing brand visibility
- d. Managing supplier relationships

Answer: b) Influencing consumer preferences

61. Which is a primary benefit of advertising?

- a. Expanding market reach
- b. Reducing customer engagement
- c. Controlling market trends
- d. Managing competitor strategies

Answer: a) Expanding market reach

62. What represents a core element of advertising?

- a. Increasing employee engagement
- b. Target audience identification
- c. Decreasing product quality
- d. Managing production costs

Answer: b) Target audience identification

63. What best describes a benefit within advertising?

- a. Reducing market demand
- b. Influencing consumer behavior
- c. Limiting consumer choices

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- d. Decreasing brand recall

Answer: b) Influencing consumer behavior

64. What is a key aspect of advertising's scope?

- a. Decreasing brand visibility
- b. Engaging with potential buyers
- c. Lowering production output
- d. Managing shareholder investments

Answer: b) Engaging with potential buyers

65. What is a significant benefit of advertising?

- a. Reducing market competition
- b. Enhancing brand recognition
- c. Limiting market demand
- d. Decreasing market reach

Answer: b) Enhancing brand recognition

66. What constitutes a primary advertising medium?

- a. Limiting customer interaction
- b. Television advertisements
- c. Supplier negotiation tactics
- d. Employee training sessions

Answer: b) Television advertisements

67. Which is a key benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Reducing consumer loyalty
- b. Creating market differentiation

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- c. Decreasing brand visibility
- d. Managing labour disputes

Answer: b) Creating market differentiation

68. What is a primary element of advertising?
- a. Communicating with potential customers
 - b. Reducing consumer choices
 - c. Lowering product variety
 - d. Managing internal communication

Answer: a) Communicating with potential customers

69. What represents a core function within the scope of advertising?
- a. Decreasing market exposure
 - b. Building customer trust
 - c. Reducing brand visibility
 - d. Managing internal communication

Answer: b) Building customer trust

70. Which is a significant aspect within advertising's scope?
- a. Decreasing market reach
 - b. Building customer trust
 - c. Limiting brand recall
 - d. Managing supplier negotiations

Answer: b) Building customer trust

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71. What is a primary benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Reducing market trends
- b. Influencing consumer behavior
- c. Limiting customer engagement
- d. Decreasing brand recognition

Answer: b) Influencing consumer behavior

72. What is a fundamental benefit of advertising?

- a. Expanding market reach
- b. Reducing brand visibility
- c. Limiting market competition
- d. Managing competitor strategies

Answer: a) Expanding market reach

73. Which is a primary element of advertising?

- a. Supplier management tactics
- b. Message delivery to the audience
- c. Reducing consumer interaction
- d. Managing regulatory compliance

Answer: a) Supplier management tactics

74. What represents a significant benefit within advertising?

- a. Influencing consumer preferences
- b. Limiting market exposure
- c. Decreasing brand visibility
- d. Managing supplier relationships

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Answer: b) Limiting market exposure

75. Which represents a primary benefit within the scope of advertising?

- a. Reducing consumer engagement
- b. Creating market differentiation
- c. Decreasing brand recognition
- d. Managing labor disputes

Answer: b) Creating market differentiation

76. What constitutes a core element within advertising?

- a. Target audience identification
- b. Increasing employee engagement
- c. Decreasing product quality
- d. Managing production costs

Answer: a) Target audience identification

77. What is a primary benefit within advertising?

- a. Expanding market reach
- b. Influencing consumer behaviour
- c. Reducing market competition
- d. Decreasing brand recall

Answer: b) Influencing consumer behaviour

78. Which represents a key benefit within advertising?

- a. Influencing market trends
- b. Creating brand loyalty

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- c. Limiting market reach
- d. Decreasing brand visibility

Ans: b) Creating brand loyalty

79. What is a significant benefit within advertising?

- a. Reducing market competition
- b. Enhancing brand recognition
- c. Limiting market demand
- d. Decreasing market reach

Ans: b) Enhancing brand recognition



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UNIT 2

1. What is the primary function of an advertising agency?

- A) Product Manufacturing
- B) Legal Consultation
- C) Creating and Managing Ad Campaigns
- D) Financial Auditing

Answer: C) Creating and Managing Ad Campaigns

2. In the context of advertising agencies, what does "creative services" entail?

- A) Financial Analysis
- B) Copywriting and Design
- C) Human Resources Management
- D) Legal Compliance

Answer: B) Copywriting and Design

3. What is the role of an account executive in an advertising agency?

- A) Graphic Designing
- B) Client Communication and Coordination
- C) Technical Support
- D) Copy Editing

Answer: B) Client Communication and Coordination

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4. What does the term "media planning" involve in an advertising agency?

- A) Social Media Management
- B) Selecting Advertising Platforms
- C) Employee Training
- D) Office Administration

Answer: B) Selecting Advertising Platforms

5. In an advertising agency, what is the purpose of market research?

- A) Invoice Processing
- B) Identifying Audience and Trends
- C) Graphic Designing
- D) Technical Support

Answer: B) Identifying Audience and Trends

6. What is the significance of the "pitch" in advertising agency operations?

- A) Financial Reporting
- B) Presenting Campaign Ideas to Clients
- C) Copywriting and Design
- D) Office Administration

Answer: B) Presenting Campaign Ideas to Clients

7. What role does the traffic department play in an advertising agency?

- A) Financial Analysis
- B) Managing Office Logistics

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C) Coordinating Workflow and Assignments

D) Social Media Management

Answer: C) Coordinating Workflow and Assignments

8. Which department is responsible for ensuring that creative work aligns with the client's goals and objectives?

A) Finance Department

B) Copywriting Department

C) Account Management

D) Quality Assurance

Answer: C) Account Management

9. What is the primary responsibility of the media buying department in an advertising agency?

A) Selecting Advertising Platforms

B) Graphic Designing

C) Employee Training

D) Legal Consultation

Answer: A) Selecting Advertising Platforms

10. In advertising agency terms, what does "billing" refer to?

A) Graphic Designing

B) Financial Invoicing for Services

C) Employee Training

D) Copy Editing

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Answer: B) Financial Invoicing for Services

11. Which type of advertising agency focuses on creating advertisements for various media platforms?

- A) Digital Agency
- B) Creative Boutique
- C) Full-Service Agency
- D) Media Planning Agency

Answer: C) Full-Service Agency

12. A specialized agency that primarily deals with online and digital advertising is known as:

- A) Traditional Agency
- B) Direct Marketing Agency
- C) Digital Agency
- D) Media Buying Agency

Answer: C) Digital Agency

13. What is the main function of a media buying agency?

- A) Creating Advertisements
- B) Placing Advertisements in Media
- C) Conducting Market Research
- D) Managing Client Accounts

Answer: B) Placing Advertisements in Media

14. An agency that specializes in creating promotional material for products at the point of sale is called:

- A) Public Relations Agency

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- B) Experiential Marketing Agency
- C) In-House Agency
- D) Sales Promotion Agency

Answer: D) Sales Promotion Agency

15. Which type of agency is focused on creating advertising for specific industries or sectors?

- A) General Agency
- B) Industry-Specific Agency
- C) Integrated Agency
- D) In-House Agency

Answer: B) Industry-Specific Agency

16. What is the primary function of an in-house agency?

- A) Serving Multiple Clients
- B) Specializing in Digital Advertising
- C) Working Exclusively for One Brand or Company
- D) Media Buying and Planning

Answer: C) Working Exclusively for One Brand or Company

17. An agency that focuses on creating advertisements for a specific geographic area or region is known as a:

- A) National Agency
- B) Local Agency
- C) International Agency
- D) Creative Boutique

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Answer: B) Local Agency

18. Which agency specializes in creating advertisements for a specific demographic or target audience?

- A) General Agency
- B) Niche Marketing Agency
- C) Full-Service Agency
- D) Direct Marketing Agency

Answer: B) Niche Marketing Agency

19. A type of agency that primarily deals with public relations, crisis management, and reputation building is called:

- A) Digital Agency
- B) Public Relations Agency
- C) Experiential Marketing Agency
- D) Sales Promotion Agency

Answer: B) Public Relations Agency

20. An agency that focuses on creating engaging brand experiences and events is known as:

- A) Experiential Marketing Agency
- B) Media Buying Agency
- C) Traditional Agency
- D) Creative Boutique

Answer: A) Experiential Marketing Agency

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21. What is a crucial factor to consider when selecting an advertising agency?

- A) Highest Bid
- B) Reputation and Track Record
- C) Proximity to the Client's Office
- D) Size of the Agency's Office

Answer: B) Reputation and Track Record

22. In agency selection, what does "creative capabilities" refer to?

- A) Number of Employees
- B) Ability to Meet Deadlines
- C) Talent for Innovative Campaigns
- D) Client Testimonials

Answer: C) Talent for Innovative Campaigns

23. Which factor involves the agency's ability to understand and align with the client's brand and goals?

- A) Geographic Location
- B) Cultural Fit
- C) Years in Business
- D) Size of the Agency

Answer: B) Cultural Fit

24. Why is financial stability an essential criterion in agency selection?

- A) To Ensure High Employee Salaries
- B) To Guarantee Low Service Costs

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- C) To Mitigate Risks of Agency Closure
- D) To Minimize Creativity

Answer: C) To Mitigate Risks of Agency Closure

25. What does "strategic thinking" refer to in the context of agency selection?

- A) Ability to Create Artistic Designs
- B) Capability to Develop Long-Term Plans
- C) Focus on Short-Term Goals
- D) Prioritizing Budget Over Creativity

Answer: B) Capability to Develop Long-Term Plans

26. When evaluating an agency's past work, what is the primary consideration?

- A) Number of Awards Won
- B) Creativity and Effectiveness
- C) Client Testimonials
- D) Agency's Office Interior

Answer: B) Creativity and Effectiveness

27. Why is a clear understanding of the client's industry important for an advertising agency?

- A) To Increase Agency Size
- B) To Boost Employee Morale
- C) To Ensure Industry Recognition
- D) To Develop Relevant Campaigns

Answer: D) To Develop Relevant Campaigns

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28. In agency selection, what is the significance of effective communication?

- A) To Minimize Client Involvement
- B) To Avoid Agency Collaboration
- C) To Facilitate Collaboration and Understanding
- D) To Prioritize Individual Opinions

Answer: C) To Facilitate Collaboration and Understanding

29. Why is it important for an agency to have a proven process for project management?

- A) To Maximize Creativity
- B) To Minimize Client Involvement
- C) To Ensure Timely and Efficient Execution
- D) To Ignore Project Deadlines

Answer: C) To Ensure Timely and Efficient Execution

30. What role does transparency play in agency selection criteria?

- A) To Hide Creative Processes
- B) To Foster Trust and Open Communication
- C) To Minimize Client Involvement
- D) To Prioritize Secrecy

Answer: B) To Foster Trust and Open Communication

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31. What is a key element in building trust between an advertising agency and a client?

- A) Keeping Strategies Confidential
- B) Open Communication and Transparency
- C) Avoiding Client Feedback
- D) Frequently Changing Account Managers

Answer: B) Open Communication and Transparency

32. In maintaining a strong agency-client relationship, what does "understanding client objectives" involve?

- A) Ignoring Client Goals
- B) Aligning Campaigns with Client Goals
- C) Setting Unattainable Goals
- D) Changing Client Goals Frequently

Answer: B) Aligning Campaigns with Client Goals

33. Why is it important for an agency to be proactive in client communication?

- A) To Minimize Client Involvement
- B) To Avoid Providing Updates
- C) To Anticipate and Address Client Needs
- D) To Delay Project Timelines

Answer: C) To Anticipate and Address Client Needs

34. What role does responsiveness play in maintaining a positive agency-client relationship?

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- A) Delaying Responses to Client Inquiries
- B) Promptly Addressing Client Queries and Concerns
- C) Ignoring Client Feedback
- D) Limiting Communication Channels

Answer: B) Promptly Addressing Client Queries and Concerns

35. How does an agency demonstrate flexibility in client relationships?

- A) Sticking Strictly to Initial Plans
- B) Resisting Changes in Campaign Strategy
- C) Adapting to Client Feedback and Market Shifts
- D) Avoiding Client Meetings

Answer: C) Adapting to Client Feedback and Market Shifts

36. What does "managing expectations" involve in the context of agency-client relationships?

- A) Setting Unrealistic Goals
- B) Aligning Client Expectations with Reality
- C) Overpromising and Underdelivering
- D) Ignoring Client Feedback

Answer: B) Aligning Client Expectations with Reality

37. How does providing regular performance reports contribute to a healthy agency-client relationship?

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- A) Creating Ambiguity
- B) Demonstrating Accountability and Transparency
- C) Avoiding Data Sharing
- D) Minimizing Client Involvement

Answer: B) Demonstrating Accountability and Transparency

38. Why is it essential for an agency to seek constructive feedback from clients?

- A) To Avoid Client Opinions
- B) To Demonstrate Perfection
- C) To Continuously Improve and Meet Client Expectations
- D) To Ignore Client Satisfaction

Answer: C) To Continuously Improve and Meet Client Expectations

39. What is the purpose of conducting regular client meetings?

- A) Minimizing Communication
- B) Building Distance
- C) Reviewing Progress, Addressing Concerns, and Setting Future Goals
- D) Ignoring Client Feedback

Answer: C) Reviewing Progress, Addressing Concerns, and Setting Future Goals

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40. How does fostering a collaborative environment contribute to a positive agency-client relationship?

- A) Promoting Isolation
- B) Encouraging Shared Ideas and Input
- C) Limiting Client Involvement
- D) Avoiding Collaboration

Answer: B) Encouraging Shared Ideas and Input

41. What is a prominent feature of an advertising agency?

- A) Reducing market trends
- B) Limiting consumer choices
- C) Offering specialized services
- D) Managing employee benefits

Answer: c) Offering specialized services

42. Which is NOT a feature of an advertising agency?

- A) Providing creative services
- B) Analyzing competitor strategies
- C) Focusing solely on government clients
- D) Developing marketing strategies

Answer: c) Focusing solely on government clients

43. What best describes a feature of an advertising agency?

- A) Inflexibility in services offered
- B) Limited specialization

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C) Tailoring services to client needs

D) No creative input in campaigns

Answer: C) Tailoring services to client needs

44. Which is a characteristic feature of an advertising agency?

a) Offering diverse expertise

b) Restricting client interactions

c) Limiting promotional activities

d) Focusing solely on print media

Answer: a) Offering diverse expertise

45. What represents a key feature of advertising agencies?

a) Single-service offerings

b) Lack of client engagement

c) Absence of creative strategies

d) Providing integrated marketing communication solutions

Answer: d) Providing integrated marketing communication solutions

46. What is a primary feature of advertising agencies?

a) Minimal client collaboration

b) Limited service customization

c) No strategic planning

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- d) Offering expertise in various media platforms

Answer: d) Offering expertise in various media platforms

47. Which is NOT a feature of advertising agencies?

- a) Tailoring services as per client requirements
- b) Providing varied communication channels
- c) Sole focus on product manufacturing
- d) Delivering creative campaign solutions

Answer: c) Sole focus on product manufacturing

48. What is a key characteristic of advertising agencies?

- a) Limited service variety
- b) Narrow market approach
- c) Providing strategic counsel to clients
- d) Focusing solely on traditional advertising methods

Answer: c) Providing strategic counsel to clients

49. Which represents a feature of advertising agencies?

- a) No specialized departments

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- b) Offering services across diverse industries
- c) Lack of campaign evaluations
- d) Absence of media planning services

Answer: b) Offering services across diverse industries

50. What is a distinguishing feature of advertising agencies?

- a) Offering comprehensive communication solutions
- b) Single-service approach
- c) Restricted client involvement
- d) No focus on creative output

Answer: a) Offering comprehensive communication solutions

51. Which is NOT a type of advertising agency?

- a) Creative boutique
- b) Media buying agency
- c) Full-service agency
- d) Commercial manufacturing agency

Answer: d) Commercial manufacturing agency

52. What represents a type of advertising agency?

- a) Technology consultancy agency
- b) Digital marketing agency
- c) Construction service agency
- d) Human resource consultancy

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Answer: b) Digital marketing agency

53. What is a category of advertising agency?

- a) Financial investment firm
- b) Media planning and buying agency
- c) Industrial manufacturing unit
- d) Food service provider

Answer: b) Media planning and buying agency

54. Which is NOT a type of advertising agency?

- a) Digital marketing agency
- b) Media buying agency
- c) Full-service agency
- d) Legal consultancy agency

Answer: d) Legal consultancy agency

55. What is a recognized type of advertising agency?

- a) Creative boutique
- b) Medical equipment supplier
- c) Automotive manufacturing unit
- d) Real estate brokerage

Answer: a) Creative boutique

56. Which represents a category of advertising agency?

- a) Retail service provider
- b) Public relations agency

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- c) Agricultural products distributor
- d) Educational institution

Answer: b) Public relations agency

57. Which is NOT a type of advertising agency?

- a) Media buying agency
- b) Creative boutique
- c) Full-service agency
- d) Travel agency

Answer: d) Travel agency

58. What is a recognized type of advertising agency?

- a) Interactive agency
- b) Pharmaceutical manufacturing unit
- c) Consumer goods retailer
- d) Legal consultancy agency

Answer: a) Interactive agency

59. Which is NOT a category of advertising agency?

- a) Media buying agency
- b) Full-service agency
- c) Digital marketing agency
- d) Educational institution

Answer: a) Media buying agency

60. What represents a type of advertising agency?

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- a) Media planning agency
- b) Agricultural products distributor
- c) Real estate brokerage
- d) Financial investment firm

Answer: a) Media planning agency

61. Which of the following is a criteria for selecting an advertising agency?

- a) Industry knowledge and expertise
- b) Company size
- c) Location
- d) Pricing structure

Answer: a) Industry knowledge and expertise

62. How does company culture impact the selection of an advertising agency?

- a) It determines the agency's pricing structure
- b) It influences the agency's location
- c) It ensures a strong cultural fit with the client
- d) It guarantees the agency's creative capabilities

Answer: c) It ensures a strong cultural fit with the client

63. Why is industry knowledge and expertise important in selecting an advertising agency?

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- a) It helps the agency develop a clear and effective advertising strategy
- b) It guarantees the lowest pricing structure
- c) It determines the agency's location
- d) It emphasizes the agency's creative capabilities

Answer: a) It helps the agency develop a clear and effective advertising strategy

64. What role does budget play in the selection of an advertising agency?

- a) It determines the agency's location
- b) It guarantees the lowest pricing structure
- c) It helps align the agency's capabilities with the client's financial constraints.
- d) All the above

Answer: c) It helps align the agency's capabilities with the client's financial constraints.

65. What is a primary aspect of maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Avoiding client meetings
- b) Regular and effective communication
- c) Limiting client access to campaign details
- d) Withholding campaign results

Answer: b) Regular and effective communication

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66. Which represents a key strategy for maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Delaying project deadlines
- b) Meeting client expectations
- c) Ignoring client feedback
- d) Offering generic solutions

Answer: b Meeting client expectations

67. What is a fundamental approach for advertising agencies to maintain client relationships?

- A) Providing inconsistent updates
- B) Being transparent and honest
- C) Concealing campaign progress
- D) Ignoring client concerns

Answer: b) Being transparent and honest

68. Which strategy fosters long-term client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Understanding client needs
- b) Avoiding client communication
- c) Overpromising and underdelivering
- d) Not acknowledging client feedback

Answer: a) Understanding client needs

69. What plays a pivotal role in maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

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- a) Lack of client involvement
- b) Timely delivery of subpar work
- c) Avoiding feedback discussions
- d) Providing irrelevant solutions

Answer: a) Lack of client involvement

70. What is a crucial factor for a successful client relationship in an advertising agency?

- a) Avoiding client concerns
- b) Understanding client objectives
- c) Delaying project timelines
- d) Lack of transparency

Answer: b) Understanding client objectives

71. Which approach is detrimental to maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Being responsive and proactive
- b) Communicating effectively
- c) Ignoring client queries
- d) Fostering open communication

Answer: c) Ignoring client queries

72. What is a fundamental aspect of maintaining client relationships in advertising agencies?

- a) Concealing project progress
- b) Building trust and credibility
- C) Avoiding client meetings
- D) Withholding campaign insights

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Answer: b) Building trust and credibility

73. Which is a detrimental approach to maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Being transparent about campaign progress
- b) Providing regular project updates
- c) Ignoring client feedback
- d) Seeking client input

Answer: c) Ignoring client feedback

74. What plays a crucial role in fostering strong client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Being responsive and available
- b) Delaying responses to client queries
- c) Limiting client access to project details
- d) Not addressing client concerns

Answer: a) Being responsive and available

75. Which approach enhances client relationships in advertising agencies?

- a) Regularly seeking client feedback
- b) Ignoring client requests
- c) Avoiding client discussions
- d) Concealing project progress

Answer: a) Regularly seeking client feedback

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76. What is crucial for maintaining healthy client relationships in an advertising agency?
- a) Not acknowledging client contributions
 - b) Delivering consistent quality work
 - c) Avoiding project updates
 - d) Delaying project deadlines

Answer: b) Delivering consistent quality work

77. Which action supports maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?
- a) Limiting client involvement
 - b) Providing inconsistent communication
 - c) Meeting project deadlines
 - d) Ignoring client queries

Answer: c) Meeting project deadlines

78. What is detrimental to maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?
- a) Being responsive to client queries
 - b) Providing project updates
 - c) Encouraging client involvement
 - d) Not meeting client expectations

Answer: d) Not meeting client expectations

79. Which approach strengthens client relationships in an advertising agency?
- a) Regularly updating clients on project progress

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- b) Delaying responses to client queries
- c) Avoiding client discussions
- d) Withholding campaign insights

Answer: a) Regularly updating clients on project progress

80. What is a crucial factor in maintaining client relationships in advertising agencies?

- a) Being unresponsive to client queries
- b) Ignoring client suggestions
- c) Limiting client involvement
- d) Demonstrating reliability and consistency

Answer: d) Demonstrating reliability and consistency

81. What is detrimental to maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Open and honest communication
- b) Lack of transparency in project progress
- c) Meeting project deadlines
- d) Soliciting client feedback

Answer: b) Lack of transparency in project progress

82. Which approach fosters strong client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Encouraging client participation in discussions

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- b) Avoiding project updates
- c) Not addressing client concerns
- d) Concealing campaign results

Answer: a) Encouraging client participation in discussions.

83. What is detrimental to maintaining client relationships in an advertising agency?

- a) Regularly seeking client input
- b) Not meeting client expectations
- c) Offering consistent quality work
- d) Being responsive and available

Answer: b) Not meeting client expectations

84. What represents a type of advertising agency?

- a) Technology consultancy agency
- b) Digital marketing agency
- c) Construction service agency
- d) Human resource consultancy

Answer: b) Digital marketing agency

85. What is a category of advertising agency?

- a) Financial investment firm
- b) Media planning and buying agency
- c) Industrial manufacturing unit
- d) Food service provider

Answer: b) Media planning and buying agency

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86. Which is NOT a type of advertising agency?

- a) Digital marketing agency
- b) Media buying agency
- c) Full-service agency
- d) Legal consultancy agency

Answer: d) Legal consultancy agency

87. What is a recognized type of advertising agency?

- a) Creative boutique
- b) Medical equipment supplier
- c) Automotive manufacturing unit
- d) Real estate brokerage

Answer: a) Creative boutique

88. Which represents a category of advertising agency?

- a) Retail service provider
- b) Public relations agency
- c) Agricultural products distributor
- d) Educational institution

Answer: b) Public relations agency

89. Which is NOT a type of advertising agency?

- a) Media buying agency
- b) Creative boutique
- c) Full-service agency
- d) Travel agency

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Answer: d) Travel agency

90. What does CTR stand for in the context of online advertising?

- a) Click through Rate
- b) Customer testimonial Ratio
- c) Creative targeting Reach
- d) Cost-effective Retargeting

Answer: a) Click Through Rate



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UNIT 3

1. What ethical concern arises when an advertisement intentionally misleads consumers?

- A) Honesty and Transparency
- B) Creativity and Innovation
- C) Targeted Marketing
- D) Price Competitiveness

Answer: A) Honesty and Transparency

2. In the context of advertising ethics, what does "subliminal advertising" involve?

- A) Open and Direct Messaging
- B) Hiding Messages in Advertisements
- C) Targeting Specific Demographics
- D) Ethical Competitor Analysis

Answer: B) Hiding Messages in Advertisements

3. Why is it important for advertisers to respect consumer privacy?

- A) To Encourage Excessive Data Collection
- B) To Enhance Targeted Advertising
- C) To Build Trust and Maintain Ethical Standards
- D) To Ignore Consumer Concerns

Answer: C) To Build Trust and Maintain Ethical Standards

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4. What ethical issue arises when an advertisement perpetuates harmful stereotypes?

- A) Diversity and Inclusion
- B) Creativity and Originality
- C) Cultural Appropriation
- D) Targeted Marketing

Answer: A) Diversity and Inclusion

5. What is the ethical concern associated with advertising to children?

- A) Encouraging Responsible Parenting
- B) Promoting Unhealthy Products
- C) Ignoring Child Interests
- D) Enhancing Educational Content

Answer: B) Promoting Unhealthy Products

6. In terms of advertising ethics, what does "bait-and-switch" refer to?

- A) Transparent Pricing
- B) Luring Customers with False Offers
- C) Competitive Advertising
- D) Ethical Competitor Analysis

Answer: B) Luring Customers with False Offers

7. What ethical concern is associated with the use of fear appeals in advertising?

- A) Emotional Engagement
- B) Exploiting Consumer Fears

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- C) Targeted Marketing
- D) Creative Storytelling

Answer: B) Exploiting Consumer Fears

8. What ethical issue is related to the use of Photoshop to alter models' appearances in advertisements?

- A) Authenticity and Body Image
- B) Creative Freedom
- C) Cultural Appropriation
- D) Targeted Marketing

Answer: A) Authenticity and Body Image

9. What is the ethical concern when an advertisement invades public spaces excessively?

- A) Creative Freedom
- B) Cultural Sensitivity
- C) Public Nuisance
- D) Ethical Competitor Analysis

Answer: C) Public Nuisance

10. Why is it crucial for advertisers to disclose sponsored content or paid partnerships?

- A) To Maximize Profit
- B) To Enhance Transparency and Trust
- C) To Conceal Financial Relationships
- D) To Ignore Consumer Awareness

Answer: B) To Enhance Transparency and Trust

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11. What positive impact does advertising have on brand awareness?

- A) Decreasing Brand Recognition
- B) Enhancing Brand Visibility
- C) Ignoring Target Audience
- D) Reducing Product Sales

Answer: B) Enhancing Brand Visibility

12. How does advertising contribute to economic growth?

- A) Limiting Consumer Choices
- B) Reducing Market Competition
- C) Boosting Sales and Employment
- D) Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: C) Boosting Sales and Employment

13. What positive role does advertising play in product education?

- A) Limiting Product Information
- B) Reducing Consumer Knowledge
- C) Enhancing Product Understanding
- D) Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: C) Enhancing Product Understanding

14. How does advertising encourage healthy competition in the market?

- A) Suppressing Market Trends
- B) Decreasing Brand Visibility

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C) Promoting Innovation and Competitiveness

D) Ignoring Consumer Preference

Answer: C) Promoting Innovation and Competitiveness

15. In terms of societal impact, how does advertising contribute to cultural awareness?

A) Homogenizing Cultural Identities

B) Limiting Cultural Diversity

C) Reflecting and Celebrating Cultural Differences

D) Ignoring Cultural Sensitivity

Answer: C) Reflecting and Celebrating Cultural Differences

16. What positive influence does advertising have on consumer choice and variety?

A) Restricting Consumer Choices

B) Limiting Product Options

C) Providing a Variety of Options and Preferences

D) Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: C) Providing a Variety of Options and Preferences

17. How does advertising contribute to the growth of small businesses?

A) Reducing Entrepreneurship

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- B) Suppressing Local Economies
- C) Increasing Visibility and Customer Reach
- D) Ignoring Small Business Initiatives

Answer: C) Increasing Visibility and Customer Reach

18. What positive impact does advertising have on informed consumer decision-making?

- A) Limiting Consumer Information
- B) Promoting Impulsive Purchases
- C) Providing Information for Informed Choices
- D) Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) Providing Information for Informed Choices

19. How does advertising contribute to social causes and awareness?

- A) Ignoring Social Issues
- B) Limiting Social Responsibility
- C) Promoting Social Causes and Initiatives
- D) Reducing Community Engagement

Answer: C) Promoting Social Causes and Initiatives

20. What positive impact does advertising have on fostering creativity and innovation in marketing strategies?

- A) Suppressing Creative Freedom
- B) Limiting Innovation

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C) Encouraging Creative Approaches and Innovative Solutions

D) Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: C) Encouraging Creative Approaches and Innovative Solutions

21. What negative impact can advertising have on consumer self-esteem?

A) Boosting Confidence

B) Creating Unrealistic Beauty Standards

C) Fostering Body Positivity

D) Ignoring Social Influences

Answer: B) Creating Unrealistic Beauty Standards

22. How does advertising contribute to environmental concerns?

A) Promoting Sustainable Practices

B) Encouraging Excessive Consumption

C) Supporting Conservation Efforts

D) Ignoring Ecological Impact

Answer: B) Encouraging Excessive Consumption

23. What negative influence can advertising have on cultural appropriation?

A) Celebrating Cultural Diversity

B) Appropriating Cultural Elements for Commercial Gain

C) Promoting Cultural Understanding

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D) Ignoring Cultural Sensitivity

Answer: B) Appropriating Cultural Elements for Commercial Gain

24. How can advertising contribute to the spread of misinformation?

A) Fact-Checking Information

B) Verifying Sources

C) Publishing Unverified Claims

D) Ignoring Truthfulness

Answer: C) Publishing Unverified Claims

25. What negative impact can targeted advertising have on consumer privacy?

A) Enhancing Privacy Protection

B) Violating Consumer Privacy Rights

C) Prioritizing Data Security

D) Ignoring Online Behavior

Answer: B) Violating Consumer Privacy Rights

26. In terms of body image, how can advertising contribute to negative perceptions?

A) Promoting Diverse Body Images

B) Idealizing Unrealistic Body Types

C) Encouraging Body Positivity

D) Ignoring Beauty Standards

Answer: B) Idealizing Unrealistic Body Types

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27. What negative influence can advertising have on children's behaviour?

- A) Encouraging Healthy Habits
- B) Promoting Unhealthy Food Choices
- C) Fostering Educational Content
- D) Ignoring Child Development

Answer: B) Promoting Unhealthy Food Choices

28. How can advertising contribute to creating societal stereotypes?

- A) Promoting Diversity and Inclusion
- B) Reinforcing Stereotypical Images
- C) Challenging Preconceptions
- D) Ignoring Cultural Sensitivity

Answer: B) Reinforcing Stereotypical Images

29. What negative impact can deceptive advertising have on consumer trust?

- A) Building Trust through Honesty
- B) Undermining Consumer Trust with False Claims
- C) Prioritizing Transparency
- D) Ignoring Ethical Standards

Answer: B) Undermining Consumer Trust with False Claims

30. How can advertising contribute to overconsumption and materialism?

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- A) Encouraging Sustainable Practices
- B) Promoting Responsible Consumption
- C) Fostering Materialistic Values
- D) Ignoring Environmental Concerns

Answer: C) Fostering Materialistic Values

31. How can advertising positively impact Indian cultural awareness?

- A) By Ignoring Cultural Elements
- B) By Promoting Cultural Understanding
- C) By Undermining Traditional Values
- D) By Limiting Cultural Diversity

Answer: B) By Promoting Cultural Understanding

32. In terms of positive influence, how can advertising contribute to social causes in India?

- A) By Avoiding Social Issues
- B) By Promoting Social Causes and Initiatives
- C) By Ignoring Community Engagement
- D) By Suppressing Cultural Sensitivity

Answer: B) By Promoting Social Causes and Initiatives

33. How does advertising positively contribute to the promotion of Indian heritage and traditions?

- A) By Neglecting Cultural Celebrations
- B) By Showcasing and Celebrating Indian Heritage

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- C) By Minimizing Cultural Diversity
- D) By Disregarding Traditional Values

Answer: B) By Showcasing and Celebrating Indian Heritage

34. What positive role does advertising play in promoting Indian art and craftsmanship?

- A) By Discouraging Artistic Endeavors
- B) By Showcasing and Supporting Indian Artisans
- C) By Limiting Cultural Expression
- D) By Ignoring Traditional Craftsmanship

Answer: B) By Showcasing and Supporting Indian Artisans

35. How can advertising positively influence Indian values related to environmental conservation?

- A) By Encouraging Excessive Consumption
- B) By Ignoring Ecological Impact
- C) By Promoting Sustainable Practices
- D) By Disregarding Environmental Concerns

Answer: C) By Promoting Sustainable Practices

36. What negative impact can advertising have on traditional gender roles in Indian society?

- A) By Challenging Gender Stereotypes
- B) By Reinforcing Gender Inequality

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- C) By Promoting Gender Equality
- D) By Ignoring Cultural Expectations

Answer: B) By Reinforcing Gender Inequality

37. How can advertising negatively influence Indian values by fostering materialism?

- A) By Promoting Responsible Consumption
- B) By Encouraging Sustainable Practices
- C) By Fostering Materialistic Values
- D) By Ignoring Economic Growth

Answer: C) By Fostering Materialistic Values

38. What negative impact can advertising have on Indian cultural authenticity?

- A) By Celebrating Diverse Cultural Expressions
- B) By Appropriating Cultural Elements for Commercial Gain
- C) By Promoting Cultural Understanding
- D) By Ignoring Cultural Heritage

Answer: B) By Appropriating Cultural Elements for Commercial Gain

39. How does advertising negatively influence Indian values by promoting unhealthy dietary choices?

- A) By Encouraging Healthy Food Options
- B) By Promoting Unhealthy Food Choices
- C) By Prioritizing Nutritional Awareness
- D) By Ignoring Consumer Health

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Answer: B) By Promoting Unhealthy Food Choices

40. What negative influence can deceptive advertising have on consumer trust in India?

- A) By Building Trust through Honesty
- B) By Undermining Consumer Trust with False Claims
- C) By Prioritizing Transparency
- D) By Ignoring Ethical Standards

Answer: B) By Undermining Consumer Trust with False Claims

41. What is the primary purpose of fiscal policy in an economy?

- A) Regulating Interest Rates
- B) Controlling Inflation
- C) Influencing Government Spending and Taxation
- D) Managing Currency Exchange Rates

Answer: C) Influencing Government Spending and Taxation

42. In economics, what does GDP stand for?

- A) Gross Domestic Product
- B) Government Development Plan
- C) General Demand Provision
- D) Global Demand Projection

Answer: A) Gross Domestic Product

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43. What is the role of central banks in monetary policy?

- A) Regulating Fiscal Policy
- B) Controlling Money Supply and Interest Rates
- C) Managing Government Spending
- D) Influencing Exchange Rates

Answer: B) Controlling Money Supply and Interest Rates

44. How is inflation measured in an economy?

- A) Consumer Confidence Index
- B) Unemployment Rate
- C) Consumer Price Index (CPI)
- D) Gross National Product (GNP)

Answer: C) Consumer Price Index (CPI)

45. What is the purpose of a trade deficit or surplus in international economics?

- A) Reducing Government Debt
- B) Promoting Import Restrictions
- C) Balancing International Trade
- D) Controlling Inflation

Answer: C) Balancing International Trade

46. How does the unemployment rate affect an economy?

- A) Boosting Economic Growth

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- B) Increasing Consumer Spending
- C) Indicating Underutilization of Labor Resources
- D) Lowering Interest Rates

Answer: C) Indicating Underutilization of Labor Resources

47. What is the function of the World Trade Organization (WTO) in global economics?

- A) Regulating National Budgets
- B) Promoting Environmental Conservation
- C) Facilitating International Trade Rules
- D) Controlling Interest Rates

Answer: C) Facilitating International Trade Rules

48. What economic concept refers to the total value of goods and services produced within a country's borders in a specific time period?

- A) Gross National Product (GNP)
- B) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)
- C) National Income
- D) Net Exports

Answer: B) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

49. How does a progressive tax system function in terms of income taxation?

- A) Taxing All Incomes at the Same Rate
- B) Imposing Higher Tax Rates on Higher

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Incomes

C) Taxing Only Corporate Incomes

D) Reducing Taxation for Low Incomes

Answer: B) Imposing Higher Tax Rates on Higher Incomes

50. What economic term is used to describe the total market value of all final goods and services produced in an economy in a given year?

A) Net National Product (NNP)

B) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

C) Personal Income

D) National Savings

Answer: B) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

51. How does advertising influence consumer demand?

A) By Reducing Product Awareness

B) By Suppressing Consumer Interest

C) By Creating Product Awareness and Interest

D) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) By Creating Product Awareness and Interest

52. In terms of consumer behavior, what is the primary goal of advertising?

A) Discouraging Purchases

B) Encouraging Informed Decision-Making

C) Minimizing Product Exposure

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D) Stimulating Purchases and Brand Loyalty

Answer: D) Stimulating Purchases and Brand Loyalty

53. How can advertising impact consumer perception of product quality?

- A) By Promoting Misleading Information
- B) By Enhancing Product Recognition
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences
- D) By Reducing Product Accessibility

Answer: B) By Enhancing Product Recognition

54. What role does advertising play in shaping consumer preferences?

- A) Limiting Options
- B) Influencing Brand Choices and Preferences
- C) Reducing Consumer Awareness
- D) Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: B) Influencing Brand Choices and Preferences

55. How does advertising contribute to the creation of new consumer needs?

- A) By Ignoring Market Trends
- B) By Stimulating Desire for New Products and Services
- C) By Discouraging Innovation
- D) By Minimizing Consumer Aspirations

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Answer: B) By Stimulating Desire for New Products and Services

56. How can advertising contribute to market competition?

- A) By Suppressing Competing Brands
- B) By Encouraging Innovation and Differentiation
- C) By Limiting Consumer Choices
- D) By Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: B) By Encouraging Innovation and Differentiation

57. What effect can aggressive advertising have on smaller competitors?

- A) Facilitating Fair Competition
- B) Creating Monopolies
- C) Encouraging Collaboration
- D) Undermining Small Business Initiatives

Answer: D) Undermining Small Business Initiatives

58. How does advertising contribute to breaking down monopolies?

- A) By Promoting Monopoly Practices
- B) By Ignoring Market Trends
- C) By Encouraging Healthy Market Competition
- D) By Suppressing Consumer Choices

Answer: C) By Encouraging Healthy Market

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Competition

59. What role does advertising play in building brand loyalty and reducing competition?

- A) By Encouraging Consumer Choices
- B) By Promoting Competitive Pricing
- C) By Stimulating Brand Loyalty
- D) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) By Stimulating Brand Loyalty

60. How can advertising contribute to fair competition in the market?

- A) By Discouraging Competitive Strategies
- B) By Promoting Transparency and Informed Choices
- C) By Suppressing Market Innovation
- D) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: B) By Promoting Transparency and Informed Choices

61. What is the term for the amount charged by a media outlet for running an ad?

- A) Ad Value
- B) Ad Quota
- C) Ad Rate
- D) Ad Index

Answer: C) Ad Rate

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62. How does the cost-per-thousand (CPM) pricing model work in advertising?

- A) Cost per Million Impressions
- B) Cost per Thousand Clicks
- C) Cost per Minute of Ad Exposure
- D) Cost per Multimedia Interaction

Answer: A) Cost per Million Impressions

63. In the context of advertising, what does the term "rate card" refer to?

- A) Pricing for Different Ad Formats
- B) Discounted Ad Rates
- C) Free Ad Placements
- D) Ad Space Reservation

Answer: A) Pricing for Different Ad Formats

64. How does the size of an advertising space typically impact the cost?

- A) Smaller Spaces Cost More
- B) Larger Spaces Cost More
- C) Size Doesn't Affect Cost
- D) Ad Size Only Affects Print Media

Answer: B) Larger Spaces Cost More

65. What is the term for a form of advertising where payment is based on the performance of the ad (clicks, conversions, etc.)?

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- A) Pay-Per-View (PPV)
- B) Pay-Per-Click (PPC)
- C) Pay-Per-Impression (PPI)
- D) Pay-Per-Action (PPA)

Answer: D) Pay-Per-Action (PPA)

66. How does the location of an ad placement impact its cost?

- A) Local Ads Cost Less
- B) National Ads Cost Less
- C) Location Doesn't Affect Cost
- D) Urban Areas Cost More

Answer: B) National Ads Cost Less

67. What pricing model involves advertisers bidding on keywords, with payment based on the number of clicks?

- A) Cost-Per-Thousand (CPM)
- B) Cost-Per-Click (CPC)
- C) Cost-Per-Action (CPA)
- D) Cost-Per-Engagement (CPE)

Answer: B) Cost-Per-Click (CPC)

68. In television advertising, what is the term for the cost of reaching 1 percent of a specific audience?

- A) GRP Cost
- B) TRP Cost
- C) CPM Cost
- D) CPRP Cost

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Answer: B) TRP Cost

69. What is the primary factor influencing the cost of Super Bowl commercials?

- A) Ad Length
- B) Audience Size and Reach
- C) Time Slot
- D) Celebrity Endorsements

Answer: B) Audience Size and Reach

70. In digital advertising, what is the term for the practice of paying only when a user takes a specific action after clicking the ad?

- A) Cost-Per-Click (CPC)
- B) Cost-Per-Thousand (CPM)
- C) Cost-Per-Action (CPA)
- D) Cost-Per-Engagement (CPE)

Answer: C) Cost-Per-Action (CPA)

71. What is a critical ethical issue in advertising?

- a) Promoting transparency
- b) Truth in advertising
- c) Exaggerated claims
- d) Respecting consumer privacy

Answer: b) Truth in advertising

72. What is a significant social issue in advertising?

- a) Promoting cultural diversity

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- b) Portrayal of stereotypes
- c) Encouraging community engagement
- d) Supporting charity initiatives

Answer: b) Portrayal of stereotypes

73. Which is an ethical concern in advertising?

- a) Deceptive advertising practices
- b) Encouraging healthy lifestyles
- c) Promoting fair competition
- d) Fostering consumer awareness

Answer: a) Deceptive advertising practices

74. What represents a social issue in advertising?

- a)Promoting inclusivity
- b)Objectification of women
- c)Encouraging sustainable practices
- d)Portraying realistic scenarios

Answer: b)Objectification of women

75. Which is an ethical concern related to advertising content?

- a)Supporting social causes
- b)Subliminal messaging
- c)Promoting product benefits
- d)Encouraging informed choices

Answer: b)Subliminal messaging

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76. What is a social issue associated with advertising practices?

- a) Encouraging cultural harmony
- b) Reinforcing gender stereotypes
- c) Supporting educational initiatives
- d) Promoting environmental sustainability

Answer: b) Reinforcing gender stereotypes

77. What ethical issue is prevalent in advertising messaging?

- a) Empowering consumers
- b) Misleading claims
- c) Encouraging product comparisons
- d) Promoting corporate social responsibility

Answer: b) Misleading claims

78. What represents a social issue related to advertising portrayal?

- a) Reinforcing body image ideals
- b) Encouraging cultural diversity
- c) Promoting diverse perspectives
- d) Portraying realistic scenarios

Answer: a) Reinforcing body image ideals

79. Which ethical issue is prevalent in advertising practices?

- a) Promoting environmental sustainability
- b) Lack of consumer consent in data usage

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- c) Fostering informed consumer choices
- d) Encouraging fair trade practices

Answer: b) Lack of consumer consent in data usage

80. What social issue is linked with advertising representation?

- a) Encouraging diverse opinions
- b) Reinforcing cultural stereotypes
- c) Supporting community initiatives
- d) Promoting social equality

Answer: b) Reinforcing cultural stereotypes

81. Positive and Negative Influence of Advertising on Indian Values and Culture:

- a) Encouraging cultural homogeneity
- b) Promoting cultural diversity
- c) Reinforcing traditional beliefs only
- d) Limiting cultural expressions

Ans: b) Promoting cultural diversity

82, Which represents a negative influence of advertising on Indian values?

- a) Upholding family values
- b) Encouraging materialism
- c) Promoting traditional practices
- d) Fostering community harmony

Ans: b) Encouraging materialism

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83. What is a positive influence of advertising on Indian values?

- a) Discouraging consumerism
- b) Promoting cultural heritage
- c) Limiting technological advancements
- d) Encouraging materialistic pursuits

Answer: b) Promoting cultural heritage

84. What negative impact can advertising have on Indian culture?

- a) Promoting cultural awareness
- b) Encouraging stereotypes
- c) Reinforcing traditional values
- d) Fostering cultural exchange

Answer: b) Encouraging stereotypes

85. What represents a positive influence of advertising on Indian values?

- a) Limiting societal changes
- b) Promoting social causes
- c) Encouraging cultural exclusivity
- d) Fostering cultural assimilation

Answer: b) Promoting social causes

86. Which is a negative impact of advertising on Indian values?

Fostering cultural understanding

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- a) Encouraging consumerism
- b) Upholding traditional beliefs
- c) Promoting cultural diversity

Answer: b) Encouraging consumerism

87. What positive influence can advertising have on Indian culture?

- a) Promoting social causes
- b) Encouraging cultural isolation
- c) Reinforcing gender stereotypes
- d) Limiting cultural exchanges

Answer: a) Promoting social causes

88. Which represents a negative influence of advertising on Indian values?

- a) Encouraging community engagement
- b) Fostering materialistic aspirations
- c) Promoting cultural understanding
- d) Embracing cultural diversity

Answer: b) Fostering materialistic aspirations

89. What effect does advertising primarily have on consumer demand?

- a) Limiting consumer choices
- b) Increasing consumer awareness
- c) Decreasing product availability
- d) Reducing consumer interest

Answer: b) Fostering materialistic aspirations

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90. What is the primary impact of advertising on consumer demand?

- a) Reducing brand visibility
- b) Stimulating consumer interest
- c) Limiting product knowledge
- d) Decreasing consumer engagement

Answer: b) Stimulating consumer interest

91. What effect does advertising have on consumer demand?

- a) Fostering consumer ignorance
- b) Increasing product recognition
- c) Decreasing brand loyalty
- d) Limiting consumer choices

Answer: b) Increasing product recognition

92. What does advertising primarily do to consumer demand?

- a) Influencing consumer preferences
- b) Limiting market reach
- c) Decreasing consumer knowledge
- d) Reducing product availability

Answer: a) Influencing consumer preferences

93. What is the impact of advertising on consumer demand?

- a) Encouraging consumer indifference

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- b) Increasing product demand
- c) Limiting product information
- d) Reducing consumer choices

Answer: b) Increasing product demand

94. What effect does advertising generally have on consumer demand?

- a) Reducing product recognition
- b) Generating consumer interest
- c) Limiting consumer engagement
- d) Decreasing market competition

Answer: b) Generating consumer interest

95. What is the primary effect of advertising on consumer demand?

- a) Discouraging consumer curiosity
- b) Increasing product appeal
- c) Limiting brand exposure
- d) Reducing consumer awareness

Answer: b) Increasing product appeal

96. What impact does advertising have on consumer demand?

- a) Limiting consumer interest
- b) Influencing purchasing behavior
- c) Reducing product visibility
- d) Decreasing brand recognition

Answer: b) Influencing purchasing behavior

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97. What effect does advertising primarily have on consumer demand?

- a) Encouraging consumer skepticism
- b) Creating product demand
- c) Limiting market penetration
- d) Reducing product value perception

Answer: b) Creating product demand

98. What does advertising typically do to consumer demand?

- a) Shaping consumer preferences
- b) Limiting consumer awareness
- c) Decreasing product demand
- d) Reducing market competition

Answer: a) Shaping consumer preferences

99. What is the primary effect of advertising on consumer demand?

- a) Limiting consumer choices
- b) Creating consumer interest
- c) Decreasing product visibility
- d) Reducing brand recognition

Answer: b) Creating consumer interest

100. What impact does advertising generally have on consumer demand?

- a) Encouraging consumer indifference

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- b) Increasing product consumption
- c) Limiting consumer engagement
- d) Reducing product awareness

Answer: b) Increasing product consumption

101.What effect does advertising primarily have on consumer demand?

- a) Limiting market interest
- b) Stimulating consumer desire
- c) Decreasing product appeal
- d) Reducing consumer curiosity

Answer: b) Stimulating consumer desire

102.What is the impact of advertising on consumer demand?

- a) Influencing consumer behavior
- b) Limiting consumer choices
- c) Decreasing product recognition
- d) Reducing market reach

Answer: a) Influencing consumer behavior

103.What effect does advertising have on consumer demand?

- a) Fostering consumer apathy
- b) Increasing product awareness
- c) Limiting consumer engagement
- d) Reducing brand loyalty

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Answer: b) Increasing product awareness



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UNIT 4

1. What is the term for a unique design, symbol, or name that identifies a product or company?

- A) Logo
- B) Slogan
- C) Tagline
- D) Mascot

Answer: A) Logo

2. How does consistent branding across all channels contribute to brand building?

- A) Dilutes Brand Identity
- B) Enhances Brand Recognition and Trust
- C) Creates Confusion
- D) Neglects Target Audience

Answer: B) Enhances Brand Recognition and Trust

3. What is the purpose of a brand mission statement?

- A) To Confuse Consumers
- B) To Provide Product Descriptions
- C) To Articulate the Brand's Purpose and Values
- D) To Ignore Market Trends

Answer: C) To Articulate the Brand's Purpose and Values

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4. How does storytelling contribute to brand building?

- A) By Omitting Brand History
- B) By Creating Emotional Connections and Narratives
- C) By Avoiding Customer Engagement
- D) By Limiting Communication

Answer: B) By Creating Emotional Connections and Narratives

5. What is the term for the emotional response a brand evokes in its customers?

- A) Product Perception
- B) Brand Personality
- C) Consumer Sentiment
- D) Market Positioning

Answer: B) Brand Personality

6. How can social media contribute to building a brand's online presence?

- A) By Avoiding Online Platforms
- B) By Ignoring Audience Engagement
- C) By Actively Participating and Interacting with Users
- D) By Eliminating Visual Content

Answer: C) By Actively Participating and Interacting with Users

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7. What role does brand consistency play in building trust with consumers?

- A) Encourages Brand Trust
- B) Creates Brand Confusion
- C) Disregards Consumer Expectations
- D) Minimizes Visual Elements

Answer: A) Encourages Brand Trust

8. In brand building, what is the significance of a target audience?

- A) Irrelevant to Brand Success
- B) Defines the Specific Consumers a Brand Aims to Reach
- C) Excludes Potential Customers
- D) Ignores Demographic Factors

Answer: B) Defines the Specific Consumers a Brand Aims to Reach

9. How does innovation contribute to brand building?

- A) By Avoiding New Ideas
- B) By Stagnating Brand Growth
- C) By Differentiating the Brand and Attracting Attention
- D) By Ignoring Market Trends

Answer: C) By Differentiating the Brand and Attracting Attention

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10. What is the term for the deliberate process of creating and managing a brand's image in the market?

- A) Brand Forgetting
- B) Brand Amnesia
- C) Branding
- D) Brand Ignorance

Answer: C) Branding

11. What role does customer feedback play in brand building?

- A) Hinders Brand Improvement
- B) Provides Valuable Insights, Fosters Improvement, and Builds Trust
- C) Ignores Consumer Opinions
- D) Discourages Consumer Engagement

Answer: B) Provides Valuable Insights, Fosters Improvement, and Builds Trust

12. How does brand positioning differentiate a brand from its competitors?

- A) By Mimicking Competitor Strategies
- B) By Emphasizing Unique Qualities and Value Proposition
- C) By Ignoring Market Trends
- D) By Eliminating Target Audience Consideration

Answer: B) By Emphasizing Unique Qualities and Value Proposition

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13. What is the term for the visual representation of a brand's personality and values?

- A) Typeface
- B) Color Palette
- C) Brand Imagery
- D) Brand Persona

Answer: C) Brand Imagery

14. How can influencer marketing contribute to brand building?

- A) By Avoiding Social Media
- B) By Collaborating with Influential Individuals to Promote the Brand
- C) By Disregarding Online Presence
- D) By Limiting Content Creation

Answer: B) By Collaborating with Influential Individuals to Promote the Brand

15. What is the term for the set of associations and perceptions that consumers have about a brand?

- A) Brand Memory
- B) Brand Equity
- C) Brand Amnesia
- D) Brand Blindness

Answer: B) Brand Equity

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16. How does brand loyalty contribute to long-term success in brand building?

- A) By Discouraging Customer Retention
- B) By Encouraging Repeat Purchases and Customer Advocacy
- C) By Ignoring Customer Feedback
- D) By Avoiding Customer Engagement

Answer: B) By Encouraging Repeat Purchases and Customer Advocacy

17. What is the term for the deliberate strategy of associating a brand with a particular lifestyle or set of values?

- A) Lifestyle Branding
- B) Value-Driven Branding
- C) Product-Centric Branding
- D) Brand Neutrality

Answer: A) Lifestyle Branding

18. How can experiential marketing contribute to brand building?

- A) By Avoiding Customer Interaction
- B) By Creating Memorable and Engaging Brand Experiences
- C) By Disregarding Emotional Connections
- D) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: B) By Creating Memorable and Engaging Brand Experiences

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19. What is the term for the process of updating or revising a brand's visual elements without changing its core identity?

- A) Brand Overhaul
- B) Rebranding
- C) Brand Evolution
- D) Brand Amnesia

Answer: C) Brand Evolution

20. How does brand building contribute to a competitive advantage in the market?

- A) By Suppressing Competitor Strategies
- B) By Enhancing Brand Recognition and Differentiation
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences
- D) By Avoiding Market Trends

Answer: B) By Enhancing Brand Recognition and Differentiation

21. In the AIDA model, what does the "A" stand for?

- A) Awareness
- B) Action
- C) Admiration
- D) Attention

Answer: A) Attention

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22. What is the primary goal of the "Interest" stage in the AIDA model?

- A) Creating Brand Awareness
- B) Generating Customer Desire
- C) Capturing Consumer Attention
- D) Fostering Curiosity

Answer: B) Generating Customer Desire

23. In the communication process, what role does the "Attention" stage play?

- A) Encouraging Immediate Purchase
- B) Building Interest in the Product
- C) Capturing the Audience's Focus
- D) Promoting Brand Loyalty

Answer: C) Capturing the Audience's Focus

24. What is the purpose of the "Desire" stage in the AIDA model?

- A) Generating Brand Awareness
- B) Encouraging Immediate Action
- C) Creating a Strong Urge for the Product
- D) Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) Creating a Strong Urge for the Product

25. How does the AIDA model relate to the sales funnel?

- A) It Focuses Only on Awareness
- B) It Maps the Customer Journey from Attention

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to Action

C) It Excludes the Desire Stage

D) It Ignores Consumer Engagement

**Answer: B) It Maps the Customer Journey from
Attention to Action**

26. What is the desired outcome of the "Action" stage in the AIDA model?

A) Creating Brand Awareness

B) Generating Customer Desire

C) Encouraging Immediate Purchase or Response

D) Fostering Emotional Connections

**Answer: C) Encouraging Immediate Purchase or
Response**

27. In the AIDA model, what should an effective advertisement achieve during the "Interest" stage?

A) Immediate Purchase

B) Generating Curiosity and Engagement

C) Creating Brand Awareness

D) Ignoring Consumer Feedback

Answer: B) Generating Curiosity and Engagement

28. What is the role of storytelling in the "Desire" stage of the AIDA model?

A) Creating Product Awareness

B) Ignoring Emotional Connections

C) Generating Strong Consumer Interest

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D) Encouraging Immediate Action

Answer: C) Generating Strong Consumer Interest

29. What channels can be utilized to capture consumer attention in the AIDA model?

A) Focusing Solely on Traditional Media

B) Utilizing Online and Offline Platforms

C) Ignoring Digital Marketing

D) Avoiding Multichannel Approaches

Answer: B) Utilizing Online and Offline Platforms

30. How does the AIDA model adapt to the digital age and online marketing?

A) By Ignoring Digital Platforms

B) By Focusing Solely on Print Media

C) By Utilizing Social Media and Online Advertising

D) By Disregarding Customer Engagement

Answer: C) By Utilizing Social Media and Online Advertising

31. What is the key component of the "Attention" stage in the AIDA model?

A) Creating Immediate Desire

B) Capturing Consumer Focus

C) Ignoring Visual Elements

D) Promoting Brand Loyalty

Answer: B) Capturing Consumer Focus

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32. How does the "Action" stage contribute to measuring the success of a marketing campaign?

- A) By Ignoring Customer Feedback
- B) By Encouraging Immediate Purchase or Response
- C) By Suppressing Consumer Opinions
- D) By Limiting Multichannel Engagement

Answer: B) By Encouraging Immediate Purchase or Response

33. What is the significance of creating a sense of urgency in the "Desire" stage of the AIDA model?

- A) Fostering Procrastination
- B) Generating Immediate Purchase Intent
- C) Ignoring Emotional Appeals
- D) Discouraging Customer Engagement

Answer: B) Generating Immediate Purchase Intent

34. How does the AIDA model align with customer-centric marketing?

- A) By Focusing Solely on Product Features
- B) By Prioritizing Customer Needs and Preferences
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Feedback
- D) By Disregarding Personalization

Answer: B) By Prioritizing Customer Needs and

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Preferences

35. What role does the "Interest" stage play in building brand loyalty?

- A) Encouraging Brand Switching
- B) Generating Emotional Connections
- C) Ignoring Customer Retention
- D) Suppressing Customer Engagement

Answer: B) Generating Emotional Connections

36. How can the AIDA model be adapted for B2B (business-to-business) marketing?

- A) By Ignoring Business Relationships
- B) By Focusing Solely on Consumer Behavior
- C) By Aligning with the Decision-Making Process in Business
- D) By Disregarding Product Information

Answer: C) By Aligning with the Decision-Making Process in Business

37. Question: In the AIDA model, what is the role of testimonials and reviews during the "Desire" stage?

- A) Creating Immediate Purchase Intent
- B) Generating Consumer Curiosity
- C) Building Credibility and Reinforcing Desire
- D) Ignoring Customer Feedback

Answer: C) Building Credibility and Reinforcing Desire

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38. How does the AIDA model apply to the introduction of a new product in the market?

- A) By Avoiding Product Launch Strategies
- B) By Generating Awareness, Interest, and Desire before Launch
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Expectations
- D) By Disregarding Marketing Communication

Answer: B) By Generating Awareness, Interest, and Desire before Launch

39. What is the importance of a clear call-to-action (CTA) in the "Action" stage of the AIDA model?

- A) Creating Confusion
- B) Encouraging Immediate Purchase
- C) Ignoring Consumer Response
- D) Suppressing Multichannel Engagement

Answer: B) Encouraging Immediate Purchase

40. What is the primary goal of advertising in shaping a brand image?

- A) Generating Short-Term Profits
- B) Building Long-Term Customer Relationships
- C) Ignoring Brand Perception
- D) Fostering Immediate Purchase Intent

Answer: B) Building Long-Term Customer Relationships

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41. How does consistent messaging in advertising contribute to brand image development?

- A) Creates Brand Confusion
- B) Builds and Reinforces a Cohesive Brand Identity
- C) Ignores Consumer Preferences
- D) Fosters Immediate Action

Answer: B) Builds and Reinforces a Cohesive Brand Identity

42. What role does storytelling play in advertising for brand image?

- A) Increases Consumer Confusion
- B) Creates Emotional Connections and Narratives
- C) Suppresses Brand Personality
- D) Discourages Customer Engagement

Answer: B) Creates Emotional Connections and Narratives

43. How can advertising contribute to creating a positive emotional association with a brand?

- A) By Ignoring Consumer Emotions
- B) By Fostering Emotional Connections and Positive Experiences
- C) By Avoiding Emotional Appeals
- D) By Promoting Immediate Purchases

Answer: B) By Fostering Emotional Connections

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and Positive Experiences

44. In developing brand image, what is the impact of using consistent visual elements in advertising?

- A) Creates Visual Chaos
- B) Builds Visual Recognition and Brand Recall
- C) Ignores Aesthetics
- D) Minimizes Consumer Engagement

Answer: B) Builds Visual Recognition and Brand Recall

45. How does advertising contribute to establishing brand values and personality?

- A) By Disregarding Brand Identity
- B) By Communicating Brand Values and Personality Traits
- C) By Avoiding Emotional Appeals
- D) By Suppressing Consumer Preferences

Answer: B) By Communicating Brand Values and Personality Traits

46. What is the significance of target audience consideration in advertising for brand image?

- A) Neglects Consumer Preferences
- B) Tailors Messages to Resonate with Specific Audiences
- C) Creates a One-Size-Fits-All Approach
- D) Ignores Market Segmentation

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Answer: B) Tailors Messages to Resonate with Specific Audiences

47. How can testimonials and endorsements contribute to building a positive brand image?

- A) By Discouraging Customer Advocacy
- B) By Suppressing Customer Testimonials
- C) By Building Credibility and Trust
- D) By Ignoring Consumer Feedback

Answer: C) By Building Credibility and Trust

48. What role does advertising play in differentiating a brand from its competitors?

- A) By Mimicking Competitor Strategies
- B) By Ignoring Market Trends
- C) By Emphasizing Unique Qualities and Value Proposition
- D) By Disregarding Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) By Emphasizing Unique Qualities and Value Proposition

49. How does advertising contribute to brand recall in the minds of consumers?

- A) By Ignoring Brand Recognition
- B) By Creating Consistent and Memorable Messaging
- C) By Avoiding Multichannel Approaches
- D) By Suppressing Consumer Engagement

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Answer: B) By Creating Consistent and Memorable Messaging

50. What is the impact of using humor in advertising on brand image?

- A) Creates a Serious Tone
- B) Builds Positive Associations and Enhances Brand Likability
- C) Ignores Emotional Appeals
- D) Discourages Consumer Engagement

Answer: B) Builds Positive Associations and Enhances Brand Likability

51. How does advertising contribute to building trust with consumers for a brand?

- A) By Promoting Deceptive Practices
- B) By Communicating Transparently and Authentically
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Trust
- D) By Suppressing Customer Feedback

Answer: B) By Communicating Transparently and Authentically

52. What is the role of brand consistency across various advertising channels?

- A) Creates Brand Confusion
- B) Builds and Strengthens Brand Recognition

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C) Ignores Multichannel Engagement

D) Suppresses Consumer Preferences

**Answer: B) Builds and Strengthens Brand
Recognition**

53. How can social responsibility and ethical practices in advertising impact brand image?

A) By Disregarding Ethical Standards

B) By Building a Positive Brand Image through
Social Responsibility

C) By Ignoring Corporate Social Responsibility

D) By Suppressing Consumer Advocacy

**Answer: B) By Building a Positive Brand Image
through Social Responsibility**

54. In developing brand image, what is the significance of creating memorable taglines and slogans?

A) By Avoiding Memorable Messaging

B) By Building Brand Recall and Emotional
Connections

C) By Ignoring Brand Identity

D) By Discouraging Consumer Engagement

**Answer: B) By Building Brand Recall and
Emotional Connections**

55. How does advertising contribute to adapting to changing consumer preferences and market trends?

A) By Stagnating Brand Growth

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- B) By Embracing Change and Remaining Relevant
- C) By Ignoring Consumer Feedback
- D) By Suppressing Innovation

Answer: B) By Embracing Change and Remaining Relevant

56. What is the impact of consistent quality in products and services on brand image?

- A) Neglects Product Quality
- B) Builds and Enhances Positive Perceptions
- C) Ignores Customer Expectations
- D) Suppresses Consumer Engagement

Answer: B) Builds and Enhances Positive Perceptions

57. How can advertising contribute to brand image repair in case of negative publicity?

- A) By Ignoring Negative Publicity
- B) By Suppressing Crisis Communication
- C) By Implementing Transparent Communication and Rebuilding Trust
- D) By Disregarding Customer Feedback

Answer: C) By Implementing Transparent Communication

58. Explain the communication process in the AIDA model.

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- A) Attention, Interest, Desire, Action
- B) Awareness, Intent, Decision, Acknowledgment
- C) Analysis, Implementation, Development, Achievement
- D) Adaptation, Innovation, Differentiation, Advancement

Answer: a) Attention, Interest, Desire, Action

59. What is the first step in the brand building communication process?

- a. Advertising
- b. Market Research
- c. Brand Positioning
- d. Product Development

Answer: b) Market Research

60. What is the first step in the brand building communication process?

- A) Advertising

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- B) Market Research
- C) Product Development
- D) Sales Promotion

Answer: b) Market Research

61. Which communication element focuses on creating a unique identity for a brand?

- A) Public Relations
- B) Branding
- C) Direct Marketing
- D) Personal Selling

Answer: b) Branding

62. In the context of brand building, what does AIDA stand for?

- A) Attention, Interest, Desire, Action
- B) Awareness, Inquiry, Decision, Advocacy
- C) Analysis, Implementation, Development, Achievement
- D) Adaptation, Innovation, Differentiation, Advancement

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Answer: a) Attention, Interest, Desire, Action

63. Which communication channel involves non-personal promotion using media like television, radio, or print?

- A) Personal Selling
- B) Direct Marketing
- C) Advertising
- D) Sales Promotion

Ans: c) Advertising

64. What does the term "Positioning" refer to in brand communication?

- A) Pricing strategy
- B) Target audience selection
- C) Creating a distinct image in consumers' minds
- D) Product distribution channels

Ans: c) Creating a distinct image in consumers' minds

65. Which stage of the product life cycle is associated with heavy promotional activities to build brand awareness?

- A) Introduction
- B) Growth
- C) Maturity

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D) Decline

Answer: a) Introduction

66. What is the purpose of feedback in the brand building communication process?

A) Measure advertising costs

B) Assess competitor strategies

C)) Evaluate the effectiveness of communication efforts

D) Determine product pricing

Answer: c) Evaluate the effectiveness of communication efforts

67. Which factor is crucial in determining the success of a brand's communication strategy?

A) Production costs

B) Consumer feedback

C) Competitive pricing

D) Consistency in messaging

Ans: d) Consistency in messaging

68. What role does emotional appeal play in brand communication?

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- A) Influencing purchasing decisions
- B) Setting product prices
- C) Managing supply chain logistics
- D) Conducting market research

Answer: c) Managing supply chain logistics

69. Which term refers to the process of extending a brand to new products or categories?

- A) Brand Loyalty
- B) Brand Extension
- C) Brand Equity
- D) Brand Positioning

Answer: b)) Brand Extension

70. what does the "A" in AIDA model stand for?

- A) Awareness
- B) Action
- C) Attention
- D) Advocacy

Answer: c) Attention

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71. Which stage comes after creating "Interest" in the AIDA model?

- A) Action
- B) Awareness
- C) Advocacy
- D) Attention

Answer: a) Action

72. What is the primary focus of the "Desire" stage in the AIDA model?

- A) Building brand awareness
- B) Generating customer interest
- C) Creating a sense of urgency and want
- D) Encouraging immediate action

Answer: c) Creating a sense of urgency and want

73. In the context of the AIDA model, what does the "I" represent?

- A) Interest
- B) Inquiry
- C) Implementation
- D) Innovation

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Answer: a) Interest

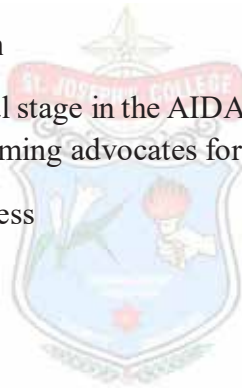
74. Which stage involves prompting the audience to take a specific action, such as making a purchase?

- A) Awareness
- B) Interest
- C) Action
- D) Advocacy

Answer: c) Action

75. What is the final stage in the AIDA model that focuses on customers becoming advocates for the brand?

- A) Awareness
- B) Interest
- C) Action
- D) Advocacy



Answer: d) Advocacy

76. Which element of the AIDA model aims to capture the audience's attention and make them aware of a product or service?

- A) Interest
- B) Action

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C) Attention

D) Advocacy

Ans: c) Advocacy

77. What role does the "Interest" stage play in the AIDA model?

A) Encouraging immediate action

B) Creating a desire for the product or service

C) Building curiosity and engagement

D) Fostering brand advocacy

Answer: c) Building curiosity and engagement

78. Which stage involves providing information to generate customer understanding and curiosity?

A) Desire

B) Action

C) Awareness

D) Interest

Answer: d) Interest

79. What is the ultimate goal of the AIDA model in the "Action" stage?

A) Building brand awareness

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- B) Creating brand loyalty
- C) Encouraging immediate response or purchase
- D) Fostering customer advocacy

Answer: c) Encouraging immediate response or purchase

80. What is the primary purpose of advertising in developing a brand image?

- A) Generating sales leads
- B) Building brand awareness
- C) Managing supply chain logistics
- D) Analyzing market trends

Answer: b) Building brand awareness

81. Which advertising element aims to create a memorable and recognizable brand identity?

- A) Sales Promotion
- B) Public Relations
- C) Branding
- D) Direct Marketing

Answer: c) Branding

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82. In the context of developing a brand image, what does emotional advertising focus on?

- A) Product features
- B) Creating a connection with consumers' emotions
- C) Competitive pricing
- D) Market research analysis

Answer: b) Creating a connection with consumers' emotions

83. Which advertising strategy involves emphasizing the unique features or benefits of a product or service?

- A) Comparative Advertising
- B) Emotional Advertising
- C) Informative Advertising
- D) Celebrity Endorsement

Answer: c) Informative Advertising

84. What role does repetition play in advertising for brand image development?

- A) Managing production costs
- B) Increasing consumer curiosity

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- C) Enhancing brand recall and recognition
- D) Influencing market trends

Answer: c) Enhancing brand recall and recognition

85. Which advertising channel is effective for reaching a wide audience but may have a shorter duration of impact?

- A) Television
- B) Print Media
- C) Social Media
- D) Outdoor Advertising

Answer: a) Television

86. How does testimonial advertising contribute to brand image development?

- A) Building emotional connections
- B) Showcasing product features
- C) Utilizing customer endorsements for credibility
- D) Creating a sense of urgency

Answer: c) Utilizing customer endorsements for credibility

87. What is the purpose of humor in advertising for brand image development?

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- A) Analyzing market trends
- B) Enhancing brand recall
- C) Emphasizing competitive pricing
- D) Managing distribution channels

Answer: b) Enhancing brand recall

88. Which advertising approach involves directly comparing a brand with its competitors?

- A) Emotional Advertising
- B) Informative Advertising
- C) Celebrity Endorsement
- D) Comparative Advertising

Answer: d) Comparative Advertising

89. How does social media advertising contribute to brand image development?

- A) Building emotional connections
- B) Increasing brand recall through visuals and engagement
- C) Analyzing market trends
- D) Managing production costs

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Answer: b) Increasing brand recall through visuals and engagement

90. What is the primary goal of advertising in developing brand equity?

- A) Generating short-term sales
- B) Building brand awareness
- C) Analyzing market trends
- D) Enhancing long-term brand value

Answer: d) Enhancing long-term brand value

91. Which advertising element is crucial for creating a positive perception of a brand's quality and reliability?

- A) Emotional Advertising
- B) Informative Advertising
- C) Celebrity Endorsement
- D) Branding

Answer: b) Informative Advertising

92. How does consistent advertising contribute to brand equity development?

- A) Creating short-term promotional offers
- B) Fostering brand loyalty over time

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- C) Emphasizing competitive pricing
- D) Managing production costs

Answer: b) Fostering brand loyalty over time

93. Which advertising strategy focuses on associating a brand with positive emotions and values?

- A) Comparative Advertising
- B) Emotional Advertising
- C) Testimonial Advertising
- D) Informative Advertising

Answer: b) Emotional Advertising

94. What role does storytelling play in advertising for brand equity development?

- A) Analyzing market trends
- B) Enhancing brand recall through narratives
- C) Managing supply chain logistics
- D) Influencing customer reviews

Answer: b) Enhancing brand recall through narratives

95. How does advertising contribute to creating brand associations with quality and reliability?

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- A) Utilizing humor in messaging
- B) Consistently communicating key brand

Attributes

- C) Implementing short-term promotional offers
- D) Adjusting pricing strategies

Answer: b) Consistently communicating key brand attributes

96. Which advertising approach involves featuring well-known personalities to enhance brand credibility?

- A) Comparative Advertising
- B) Emotional Advertising
- C) Testimonial Advertising
- D) Informative Advertising

Answer: c) Testimonial Advertising

97. What is the significance of brand consistency in advertising for brand equity development?

- A) Analyzing market trends
- B) Enhancing brand recall and trust
- C) Managing production costs
- D) Emphasizing short-term sales promotions

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Answer: b) Enhancing brand recall and trust

98.How does advertising contribute to brand loyalty, a component of brand equity?

- A) Focusing on short-term promotional discounts
- B) Building emotional connections with consumers
- C) Adjusting pricing strategies frequently
- D) Analyzing market trends for quick adaptation

Answer: b) Building emotional connections with consumers

99.In what way does advertising influence perceived brand value in the minds of consumers?

- A) Generating immediate sales
- B) Consistently communicating brand attributes and benefits
- C) Managing supply chain logistics
- D) Offering frequent promotional discounts

Answer: b) Consistently communicating brand attributes and benefits

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100. What role does advertising play in managing a brand crisis?

- A) Creating brand awareness
- B) Minimizing negative perceptions and restoring trust
- C) Analyzing market trends
- D) Increasing short-term sales

Answer: b) Minimizing negative perceptions and restoring trust

101. During a brand crisis, what type of advertising is essential for communicating transparent and honest information?

- A) Emotional Advertising
- B) Crisis Communication Advertising
- C) Testimonial Advertising
- D) Informative Advertising

Answer: b) Crisis Communication Advertising

102. How does advertising contribute to rebuilding a damaged brand reputation during a crisis?

- A) Offering frequent promotional discounts

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- B) Consistently communicating positive brand attributes
- C) Adjusting pricing strategies frequently
- D) Managing supply chain logistics

Answer: b) Consistently communicating positive brand attributes

103. Which advertising element is crucial for demonstrating empathy and understanding during a brand crisis?

- A) Comparative Advertising
- B) Emotional Advertising
- C) Testimonial Advertising
- D) Informative Advertising

Answer: b) Emotional Advertising

104. In a crisis, what is the purpose of using advertising to address customer concerns and questions?

- A) Analyzing market trends
- B) Managing production costs
- C) Restoring consumer confidence and providing information

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D) Emphasizing short-term sales promotions

Answer: c) Restoring consumer confidence and providing information

105. Which advertising strategy aims to showcase the brand's commitment to resolving issues and improving processes after a crisis?

A) Comparative Advertising

B) Emotional Advertising

C) Recovery Advertising

D) Informative Advertising

Answer: c) Recovery Advertising

106. How does targeted advertising help in managing a brand crisis more effectively?

A) Generating immediate sales

B) Tailoring messages to specific audiences for better communication

C) Offering frequent promotional discounts

D) Adjusting pricing strategies frequently

Answer: b) Tailoring messages to specific audiences for better communication

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107. What is the significance of timeliness in crisis management advertising?

- A) Analyzing market trends
- B) Managing production costs
- C) Providing immediate responses to address concerns
- D) Emphasizing long-term brand building

Answer: c) Providing immediate responses to address concerns

108. During a brand crisis, which advertising approach is effective for highlighting positive customer experiences and testimonials?

- A) Comparative Advertising
- B) Emotional Advertising
- C) Testimonial Advertising
- D) Informative Advertising

Answer: c) Testimonial Advertising

109. What role does advertising play in demonstrating a brand's commitment to change and improvement after a crisis?

- A) Emphasizing short-term sales promotions

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- B) Consistently communicating positive brand attributes
- C) Adjusting pricing strategies frequently
- D) Showcasing efforts towards recovery and rebuilding

Answer: d) Showcasing efforts towards recovery and rebuilding



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Unit -5

1. What is a key element of creativity in advertising?

- A) Repetition
- B) Innovation and Originality
- C) Conformity
- D) Imitation

Answer: B) Innovation and Originality

2. How does creativity contribute to effective advertising?

- A) By Avoiding Unique Concepts
- B) By Embracing Conventional Approaches
- C) By Capturing Audience Attention and Generating Engagement
- D) By Ignoring Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) By Capturing Audience Attention and Generating Engagement

3. What is the primary purpose of copywriting in advertising?

- A) To Ignore Audience Engagement
- B) To Create Complicated Messages
- C) To Persuade and Entice the Audience
- D) To Discourage Product Awareness

Answer: C) To Persuade and Entice the Audience

4. What term refers to the written content of an advertisement?

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- A) Manuscript
- B) Copy
- C) Transcript
- D) Document

Answer: B) Copy

5. In copywriting, what is the "headline"?

- A) The Closing Statement
- B) The Main Title or Attention-Grabbing Phrase
- C) The Legal Disclaimer
- D) The Conclusion

Answer: B) The Main Title or Attention-Grabbing Phrase

6. How does the use of storytelling enhance copywriting in advertising?

- A) By Creating Confusion
- B) By Suppressing Emotional Connections
- C) By Engaging and Connecting with the Audience
- D) By Avoiding Narrative Elements

Answer: C) By Engaging and Connecting with the Audience

7. What is the purpose of the "call to action" (CTA) in copywriting?

- A) To Discourage Immediate Response
- B) To Create Brand Confusion

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C) To Encourage a Specific Response from the Audience

D) To Ignore Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) To Encourage a Specific Response from the Audience

8.How does effective copywriting contribute to brand consistency?

A) By Creating Inconsistent Messaging

B) By Ignoring Brand Identity

C) By Maintaining a Cohesive Tone and Voice Across Communication

D) By Suppressing Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) By Maintaining a Cohesive Tone and Voice Across Communication

9. What is the significance of understanding the target audience in copywriting?

A) To Ignore Consumer Preferences

B) To Tailor Messages to Resonate with Specific Audiences

C) To Disregard Market Segmentation

D) To Avoid Multichannel Approaches

Answer: B) To Tailor Messages to Resonate with Specific Audiences

10. What role does the "body copy" play in an advertisement?

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- A) To Disregard the Main Message
- B) To Provide Detailed Information and Persuade
- C) To Suppress Consumer Engagement
- D) To Avoid Visual Elements

Answer: B) To Provide Detailed Information and Persuade

11. How can humor be effectively incorporated into copywriting?

- A) By Creating a Serious Tone
- B) By Avoiding Audience Engagement
- C) By Entertaining and Creating a Positive Connection
- D) By Ignoring Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) By Entertaining and Creating a Positive Connection

12. In copywriting, what does the term "white space" refer to?

- A) The Absence of Any Text
- B) The Legal Disclaimers
- C) The Main Title
- D) The Visual Elements

Answer: A) The Absence of Any Text

13. How does the use of strong, impactful language contribute to effective copywriting?

- A) By Discouraging Audience Engagement

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- B) By Suppressing Emotional Appeals
- C) By Capturing Attention and Generating Interest
- D) By Avoiding Persuasion Techniques

Answer: C) By Capturing Attention and Generating Interest

14. What is the role of visual elements in copywriting?
- A) To Ignore Visual Components
 - B) To Reinforce the Main Message and Enhance Engagement
 - C) To Suppress Brand Identity
 - D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) To Reinforce the Main Message and Enhance Engagement

15. How can creating a sense of urgency be utilized in copywriting?
- A) By Fostering Procrastination
 - B) By Discouraging Immediate Response
 - C) By Encouraging Immediate Action or Purchase
 - D) By Ignoring Consumer Preferences

Answer: C) By Encouraging Immediate Action or Purchase

16. What is the role of testimonials and endorsements in copywriting?

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- A) To Create Brand Confusion
- B) To Build Credibility and Trust
- C) To Suppress Consumer Opinions
- D) To Avoid Transparency

Answer: B) To Build Credibility and Trust

17. How does effective copywriting adapt to different advertising channels?

- A) By Ignoring Multichannel Approaches
- B) By Disregarding Digital Platforms
- C) By Tailoring Messages to Suit Each Channel
- D) By Suppressing Innovation

Answer: C) By Tailoring Messages to Suit Each Channel

18. What is the purpose of creating a strong opening in copywriting?

- A) To Discourage Immediate Response
- B) To Suppress Consumer Engagement
- C) To Capture Audience Attention and Interest
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) To Capture Audience Attention and Interest

19. How does effective copywriting contribute to brand recall?

- A) By Creating Confusion
- B) By Suppressing Emotional Connections

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C) By Building Memorable Messaging for Recall

D) By Ignoring Consumer Feedback

Answer: C) By Building Memorable Messaging for Recall

20. What role does simplicity play in copywriting?

A) To Create Confusing Messages

B) To Provide Detailed Information

C) To Communicate Clearly and Concisely

D) To Suppress Consumer Engagement

Answer: C) To Communicate Clearly and Concisely

21. What type of copy focuses on highlighting the unique features and benefits of a product?

A) Emotional Copy

B) Informative Copy

C) Persuasive Copy

D) Narrative Copy

Answer: B) Informative Copy

22. Which type of copy aims to evoke specific emotions and connect with the audience on a personal level?

A) Informative Copy

B) Emotional Copy

C) Persuasive Copy

D) Descriptive Copy

Answer: B) Emotional Copy

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23. What is the primary goal of persuasive copy?

- A) To Provide Detailed Information
- B) To Evoke Emotional Responses
- C) To Persuade and Influence Action
- D) To Avoid Audience Engagement

Answer: C) To Persuade and Influence Action

24. Which type of copy emphasizes storytelling to engage and captivate the audience?

- A) Narrative Copy
- B) Informative Copy
- C) Descriptive Copy
- D) Emotional Copy

Answer: A) Narrative Copy

25. What does descriptive copy focus on?

- A) Eliciting Emotions
- B) Providing Facts and Details
- C) Persuading the Audience
- D) Ignoring Visual Elements

Answer: B) Providing Facts and Details

26. In which type of copy does the writer use vivid language to paint a picture for the audience?

- A) Persuasive Copy
- B) Descriptive Copy
- C) Narrative Copy
- D) Emotional Copy

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Answer: B) Descriptive Copy

27. What type of copy is often used in advertisements for luxury products, focusing on the sensory experience?

- A) Informative Copy
- B) Descriptive Copy
- C) Emotional Copy
- D) Persuasive Copy

Answer: B) Descriptive Copy

28. Which type of copy aims to build a connection with the audience through shared experiences?

- A) Persuasive Copy
- B) Descriptive Copy
- C) Narrative Copy
- D) Emotional Copy

Answer: C) Narrative Copy

29. What is the primary focus of emotional copywriting?

- A) Providing Facts and Details
- B) Eliciting Emotional Responses
- C) Persuading the Audience
- D) Ignoring Brand Identity

Answer: B) Eliciting Emotional Responses

30. In what way does informative copy differ from other types of copy?

- A) It Avoids Providing Information

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- B) It Focuses on Eliciting Emotions
- C) It Provides Facts and Details about the Product or Service
- D) It Disregards Audience Engagement

Answer: C) It Provides Facts and Details about the Product or Service

31. What type of copy aims to create a sense of urgency and encourage immediate action?

- A) Persuasive Copy
- B) Emotional Copy
- C) Informative Copy
- D) Descriptive Copy

Answer: A) Persuasive Copy

32. How does narrative copy contribute to brand storytelling?

- A) By Avoiding Storytelling Techniques
- B) By Providing Detailed Information
- C) By Engaging the Audience with a Compelling Story
- D) By Ignoring Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) By Engaging the Audience with a Compelling Story

33. What is the primary goal of descriptive copy in advertising?

- A) To Elicit Emotional Responses

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- B) To Provide Facts and Details
- C) To Avoid Visual Elements
- D) To Suppress Consumer Engagement

Answer: B) To Provide Facts and Details

34. In which type of copy does the writer use strong language to encourage the audience to take specific actions?

- A) Emotional Copy
- B) Persuasive Copy
- C) Informative Copy
- D) Descriptive Copy

Answer: B) Persuasive Copy

35. What is the role of storytelling in emotional copywriting?

- A) To Disregard Emotional Connections
- B) To Create Confusion
- C) To Engage and Connect with the Audience on an Emotional Level
- D) To Suppress Narrative Elements

Answer: C) To Engage and Connect with the Audience on an Emotional Level

36. Which type of copy is often used to highlight the benefits and advantages of a product or service?

- A) Narrative Copy
- B) Descriptive Copy

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C) Informative Copy

D) Emotional Copy

Answer: C) Informative Copy

37. How does persuasive copy contribute to influencing consumer behavior?

A) By Avoiding Persuasion Techniques

B) By Discouraging Immediate Response

C) By Using Convincing Language to Influence Action

D) By Ignoring Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) By Using Convincing Language to Influence Action

38. What is the main focus of informative copy in advertising?

A) To Elicit Emotional Responses

B) To Provide Facts and Details about the Product or Service

C) To Suppress Brand Identity

D) To Avoid Audience Engagement

Answer: B) To Provide Facts and Details about the Product or Service

39. How does descriptive copy contribute to creating a sensory experience for the audience?

A) By Avoiding Vivid Language

B) By Ignoring Brand Identity

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C) By Using Vivid Language to Paint a Picture

D) By Suppressing Consumer Engagement

Answer: C) By Using Vivid Language to Paint a Picture

40. In which type of copy is the writer focused on building credibility and trust through testimonials and endorsements?

A) Narrative Copy

B) Persuasive Copy

C) Emotional Copy

D) Informative Copy

Answer: D) Informative Copy

41. What is the primary purpose of an advertising layout?

A) To Confuse the Audience

B) To Provide Legal Disclaimers

C) To Organize Visual and Textual Elements for Impact

D) To Ignore Brand Identity

Answer: C) To Organize Visual and Textual Elements for Impact

42. Which layout style involves arranging visual and textual elements in a grid-like structure?

A) Z-Pattern Layout

B) F-Pattern Layout

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- C) Grid Layout
- D) Circular Layout

Answer: C) Grid Layout

43. What is the F-Pattern layout commonly used for?

- A) Print Advertisements
- B) Radio Commercials
- C) Social Media Posts
- D) Outdoor Billboards

Answer: A) Print Advertisements

44. In the Z-Pattern layout, how is the content typically arranged?

- A) In a Diagonal Pattern
- B) In a Zigzag Pattern
- C) In a Circular Pattern
- D) In a Random Pattern

Answer: B) In a Zigzag Pattern

45. Which layout style is suitable for web pages and online content, where users read horizontally across the top and then vertically down the left side?

- A) Circular Layout
- B) Z-Pattern Layout
- C) F-Pattern Layout
- D) H-Pattern Layout

Answer: D) H-Pattern Layout

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46. What is the purpose of using a dominant visual in an advertising layout?

- A) To Suppress Brand Identity
- B) To Confuse the Audience
- C) To Immediately Capture Attention
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) To Immediately Capture Attention

47. How does the use of white space contribute to an advertising layout?

- A) By Creating Visual Clutter
- B) By Avoiding Visual Elements
- C) By Enhancing Readability and Focus
- D) By Ignoring Brand Identity

Answer: C) By Enhancing Readability and Focus

48. What is the purpose of a headline in an advertising layout?

- A) To Disregard the Main Message
- B) To Confuse the Audience
- C) To Immediately Convey the Main Message or Benefit
- D) To Suppress Consumer Engagement

Answer: C) To Immediately Convey the Main message or Benefit

49. Which layout technique involves placing the most important information at the top of the page or screen?

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- A) Bottom-Heavy Layout
- B) Top-Heavy Layout
- C) Centered Layout
- D) Symmetrical Layout

Answer: B) Top-Heavy Layout

50. In a symmetrical layout, how are visual and textual elements typically balanced?

- A) In an Asymmetrical Manner
- B) In a Random Pattern
- C) In a Balanced and Mirror-Like Manner
- D) In an Unorganized Pattern

Answer: C) In a Balanced and Mirror-Like Manner

51. What is the purpose of using a focal point in an advertising layout?

- A) To Avoid Capturing Attention
- B) To Create Visual Clutter
- C) To Direct the Viewer's Attention to a Specific Element
- D) To Suppress Brand Identity

Answer: C) To Direct the Viewer's Attention to a Specific Element

52. How does a bottom-heavy layout structure typically organize content?

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- A) With the Most Important Information at the Top
- B) With Equal Weight at the Top and Bottom
- C) With Emphasis on the Lower Portion of the Layout
- D) With an Unorganized Arrangement

Answer: C) With Emphasis on the Lower Portion of the Layout

53. What is the purpose of using a visual hierarchy in an advertising layout?

- A) To Create Visual Clutter
- B) To Suppress Brand Identity
- C) To Organize Elements Based on Importance
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) To Organize Elements Based on Importance

54. In a circular layout, how are visual and textual elements arranged?

- A) In a Diagonal Pattern
- B) In a Circular Pattern Around a Center Point
- C) In a Zigzag Pattern
- D) In a Random Pattern

Answer: B) In a Circular Pattern Around a Center Point

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55. What is the purpose of using contrasting colors in an advertising layout?

- A) To Create a Monochromatic Design
- B) To Suppress Brand Identity
- C) To Enhance Visual Appeal and Differentiate Elements
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) To Enhance Visual Appeal and Differentiate Elements

56. How does a diagonal layout structure typically guide the viewer's eye?

- A) In a Vertical Pattern
- B) In a Horizontal Pattern
- C) In a Diagonal Path Across the Layout
- D) In an Unorganized Path

Answer: C) In a Diagonal Path Across the Layout

57. What is the significance of using consistent fonts and typography in an advertising layout?

- A) To Create Visual Clutter
- B) To Suppress Brand Identity
- C) To Enhance Readability and Maintain Brand Consistency
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: C) To Enhance Readability and Maintain Brand Consistency

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58. How does a centered layout structure typically organize visual and textual elements?

- A) In an Asymmetrical Manner
- B) In a Random Pattern
- C) In a Balanced and Centered Arrangement
- D) In an Unorganized Pattern

Answer: C) In a Balanced and Centered Arrangement

59. What role does the use of images and visuals play in an advertising layout?

- A) To Avoid Capturing Attention
- B) To Suppress Emotional Appeals
- C) To Enhance Visual Appeal and Communicate Messages
- D) To Create Visual Clutter

Answer: C) To Enhance Visual Appeal and Communicate Messages

60. In a top-heavy layout, where is the emphasis placed in terms of content?

- A) At the Bottom of the Layout
- B) Equally Across the Top and Bottom
- C) At the Top of the Layout
- D) In an Unorganized Manner

Answer: C) At the Top of the Layout

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61. Which execution style aims to present a straightforward presentation of the product or service's features and benefits?

- A) Slice of Life
- B) Lifestyle
- C) Straightforward
- D) Testimonial

Answer: C) Straightforward

62. In the "Slice of Life" execution style, how are products or services typically portrayed?

- A) Through Realistic Scenarios and Everyday Situations
- B) In a Studio Setting
- C) Through Animation and Fantasy
- D) In a Testimonial Format

Answer: A) Through Realistic Scenarios and Everyday Situations

63. What does the "Lifestyle" execution style focus on?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Demonstrating Product Features
- C) Associating the Product with a Desirable Lifestyle
- D) Using Humor and Entertainment

Answer: C) Associating the Product with a Desirable Lifestyle

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64. Which execution style involves using humor, satire, or cleverness to capture the audience's attention?

- A) Straightforward
- B) Humorous
- C) Fantasy
- D) Demonstration

Answer: B) Humorous

65. In the "Fantasy" execution style, how are products or services typically portrayed?

- A) Through Realistic Scenarios
- B) In a Studio Setting
- C) Through Animated or Imaginary Elements
- D) In a Testimonial Format

Answer: C) Through Animated or Imaginary Elements

66. What is the primary goal of the "Demonstration" execution style?

- A) To Create Fantasy Elements
- B) To Show the Product in Action and Highlight Key Features
- C) To Use Humor and Entertainment
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) To Show the Product in Action and Highlight Key Features

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67. Which execution style involves presenting the product or service in a testimonial format, often featuring satisfied customers?

- A) Straightforward
- B) Testimonial
- C) Lifestyle
- D) Dramatization

Answer: B) Testimonial

68. In the "Dramatization" execution style, how are scenarios typically presented?

- A) In a Realistic Setting
- B) Through Animation and Fantasy
- C) Through Testimonials
- D) In an Entertaining and Theatrical Manner

Answer: D) In an Entertaining and Theatrical Manner

69. What is the primary focus of the "Music and Jingles" execution style?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Associating the Product with a Catchy Tune or Jingle
- C) Using Humor and Entertainment
- D) Avoiding Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) Associating the Product with a Catchy Tune or Jingle

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70. Which execution style relies on presenting the product or service in a way that solves a problem or satisfies a need?

- A) Straightforward
- B) Problem-Solution
- C) Slice of Life
- D) Humorous

Answer: B) Problem-Solution

11. Question: In the "Scientific or Technical" execution style, how are products or services typically presented?

- A) Through Realistic Scenarios
- B) Using Humor and Entertainment
- C) Emphasizing Technical Details and Features
- D) Through Testimonials

Answer: C) Emphasizing Technical Details and Features

12. Question: What is the goal of the "Comparison" execution style?

- A) To Present Realistic Scenarios
- B) To Highlight Similarities and Differences with Competing Products
- C) To Use Humor and Entertainment
- D) To Avoid Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) To Highlight Similarities and Differences with Competing Products

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13. Question: Which execution style involves presenting a before-and-after scenario to showcase the transformation or benefits of a product or service?

- A) Straightforward
- B) Transformation
- C) Dramatization
- D) Fantasy

Answer: B) Transformation

14. Question: What is the primary focus of the "Mood or Image" execution style?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Creating a Positive Mood or Image around the Product or Brand
- C) Using Humor and Entertainment
- D) Avoiding Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) Creating a Positive Mood or Image around the Product or Brand

15. Question: In the "Personality Symbol" execution style, what is represented to create a memorable image for the product or brand?

- A) Realistic Scenarios
- B) A Recognizable Personality or Symbol
- C) Technical Details and Features
- D) Testimonials

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Answer: B) A Recognizable Personality or Symbol

16. Question: What does the "Interactive" execution style focus on?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Encouraging Audience Participation or Engagement
- C) Using Humor and Entertainment
- D) Avoiding Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) Encouraging Audience Participation or Engagement

17. Question: In the "Nostalgia" execution style, what is often emphasized to evoke sentimental feelings?

- A) Realistic Scenarios
- B) Historical Elements or Settings
- C) Humorous Content
- D) Technical Details and Features

Answer: B) Historical Elements or Settings

18. Question: What is the primary focus of the "User-Generated Content" execution style?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Encouraging Consumers to Create and Share Content
- C) Using Humor and Entertainment
- D) Avoiding Emotional Appeals

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Answer: B) Encouraging Consumers to Create and Share Content

19. Question: Which execution style aims to create anticipation or suspense around the product or brand?

- A) Straightforward
- B) Suspense
- C) Humorous
- D) Transformation

Answer: B) Suspense

20. Question: What is the goal of the "Celebrity Endorsement" execution style?

- A) Presenting Realistic Scenarios
- B) Associating the Product with a Well-Known Personality
- C) Using Humor and Entertainment
- D) Avoiding Emotional Appeals

Answer: B) Associating the Product with a Well-Known Personality

B) Showcasing product features

C) Utilizing customer endorsements for credibility

D) Creating a sense of urgency

Answer: c) Utilizing customer endorsements for credibility

87. What is the purpose of humor in advertising for brand image development?

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ABOUT THE AUTHOR

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